

Anti-NF-kappaB p105/p50 Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to NF-kappaB p105/p50 Catalog # AP60491

Product Information

ApplicationWB, IHCPrimary AccessionP19838Other AccessionP25799

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Chicken, Bovine, Drosophila

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 105356

Additional Information

Gene ID 4790

Other Names Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B p105 subunit; DNA-binding factor KBF1; EBP-1;

Nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells 1

Target/Specificity Recognizes endogenous levels of NF-kappaB p105/p50 protein.

Dilution WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200) IHC~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC

(1/100 - 1/200)

Format Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name NFKB1

Function NF-kappa-B is a pleiotropic transcription factor present in almost all cell

types and is the endpoint of a series of signal transduction events that are initiated by a vast array of stimuli related to many biological processes such as inflammation, immunity, differentiation, cell growth, tumorigenesis and apoptosis. NF-kappa-B is a homo- or heterodimeric complex formed by the

Rel-like domain- containing proteins RELA/p65, RELB, NFKB1/p105,

NFKB1/p50, REL and NFKB2/p52 and the heterodimeric p65-p50 complex appears to be most abundant one. The dimers bind at kappa-B sites in the DNA of their target genes and the individual dimers have distinct preferences for different kappa-B sites that they can bind with distinguishable affinity and specificity. Different dimer combinations act as transcriptional activators or repressors, respectively. NF-kappa-B is controlled by various mechanisms of post-translational modification and subcellular compartmentalization as well

as by interactions with other cofactors or corepressors. NF-kappa-B complexes are held in the cytoplasm in an inactive state complexed with members of the NF-kappa-B inhibitor (I-kappa-B) family. In a conventional activation pathway, I- kappa-B is phosphorylated by I-kappa-B kinases (IKKs) in response to different activators, subsequently degraded thus liberating the active NF-kappa-B complex which translocates to the nucleus. NF-kappa-B heterodimeric p65-p50 and RelB-p50 complexes are transcriptional activators. The NF-kappa-B p50-p50 homodimer is a transcriptional repressor, but can act as a transcriptional activator when associated with BCL3. NFKB1 appears to have dual functions such as cytoplasmic retention of attached NF-kappa-B proteins by p105 and generation of p50 by a cotranslational processing. The proteasome-mediated process ensures the production of both p50 and p105 and preserves their independent function, although processing of NFKB1/p105 also appears to occur post-translationally. p50 binds to the kappa-B consensus sequence 5'-GGRNNYYCC-3', located in the enhancer region of genes involved in immune response and acute phase reactions. In a complex with MAP3K8, NFKB1/p105 represses MAP3K8-induced MAPK signaling; active MAP3K8 is released by proteasome-dependent degradation of NFKB1/p105.

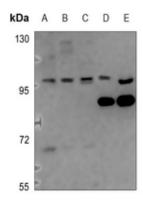
Cellular Location

[Nuclear factor NF-kappa-B p105 subunit]: Cytoplasm

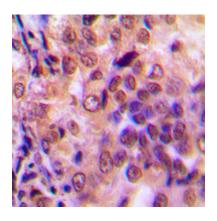
Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human NF-kappaB p105/p50. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Images



Western blot analysis of NF-kappaB p105/p50 expression in MCF7 (A), U2OS (B), A375 (C), mouse muscle (D), mouse liver (E) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of NF-kappaB p105/p50 staining in human prostate cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.