

# Anti-IKB epsilon Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to IKB epsilon Catalog # AP60492

#### **Product Information**

Application WB, IF/IC, IHC

 Primary Accession
 000221

 Other Accession
 054910

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat, Bovine

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW52864

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4794

Other Names IKBE; NF-kappa-B inhibitor epsilon; NF-kappa-BIE; I-kappa-B-epsilon; IkB-E;

IkB-epsilon; IkappaBepsilon

**Target/Specificity** Recognizes endogenous levels of IKB epsilon protein.

**Dilution** WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500)

IF/IC~~N/A IHC~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 -

1/500)

**Format** Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

#### **Protein Information**

Name NFKBIE

Synonyms IKBE

**Function** Sequesters NF-kappa-B transcription factor complexes in the cytoplasm,

thereby inhibiting their activity (PubMed:<u>9315679</u>). Sequestered complexes include NFKB1-RELA (p50-p65) and NFKB1-REL (p50- c-Rel) complexes (PubMed:<u>9135156</u>, PubMed:<u>9315679</u>). Limits B-cell activation in response to pathogens, and also plays an important role in B-cell development (By

similarity).

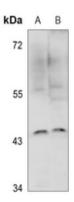
**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm.

Highly expressed in spleen, testis and lung, followed by kidney, pancreas,

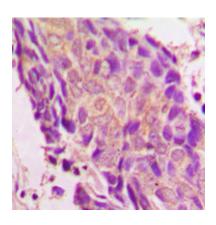
## **Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human IKB epsilon. The exact sequence is proprietary.

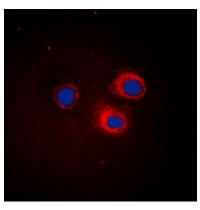
## **Images**



Western blot analysis of IKB epsilon expression in A549 (A), H1792 (B) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of IKB epsilon staining in human prostate cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



Immunofluorescent analysis of IKB epsilon staining in HepG2 cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a hidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.