

# Anti-CCKAR Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to CCKAR  
Catalog # AP60661

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, IP, IF/IC
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P32238</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Rat
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	47841

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	886
<b>Other Names</b>	CCKRA; Cholecystokinin receptor type A; CCK-A receptor; CCK-AR; Cholecystokinin-1 receptor; CCK1-R
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	Recognizes endogenous levels of CCKAR protein.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500), IP (1/10 - 1/100) IP~~N/A IF/IC~~N/A
<b>Format</b>	Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	CCKAR
<b>Synonyms</b>	CCKRA
<b>Function</b>	Receptor for cholecystokinin. Mediates pancreatic growth and enzyme secretion, smooth muscle contraction of the gall bladder and stomach. Has a 1000-fold higher affinity for CCK rather than for gastrin. It modulates feeding and dopamine-induced behavior in the central and peripheral nervous system. This receptor mediates its action by association with G proteins that activate a phosphatidylinositol-calcium second messenger system.
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

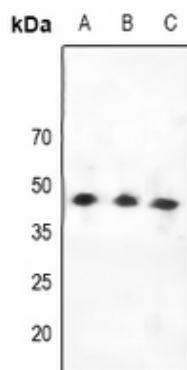
## Background

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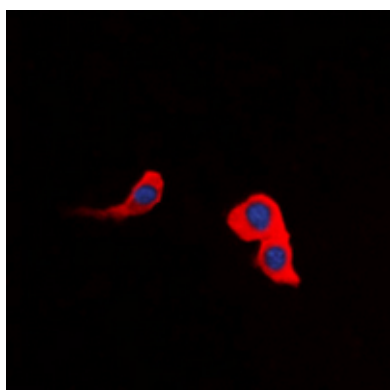
KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human CCKAR. The exact sequence is proprietary.

## Images

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Western blot analysis of CCKAR expression in HEK293T (A), U87MG (B), K562 (C) whole cell lysates.



Immunofluorescent analysis of CCKAR staining in HeLa cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.