

# Anti-FOXK1 Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to FOXK1

Catalog # AP60724

## Product Information

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P85037</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P42128</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	75457

## Additional Information

Gene ID	221937
Other Names	MNF; Forkhead box protein K1; Myocyte nuclear factor; MNF
Target/Specificity	Recognizes endogenous levels of FOXK1 protein.
Dilution	WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200) IHC~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200)
Format	Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

## Protein Information

Name	FOXK1
Function	Transcriptional regulator involved in different processes such as glucose metabolism, aerobic glycolysis, muscle cell differentiation and autophagy (By similarity). Recognizes and binds the forkhead DNA sequence motif (5'-GTAAACA-3') and can both act as a transcription activator or repressor, depending on the context (PubMed: <a href="#">17670796</a> ). Together with FOXK2, acts as a key regulator of metabolic reprogramming towards aerobic glycolysis, a process in which glucose is converted to lactate in the presence of oxygen (By similarity). Acts by promoting expression of enzymes for glycolysis (such as hexokinase-2 (HK2), phosphofructokinase, pyruvate kinase (PKLR) and lactate dehydrogenase), while suppressing further oxidation of pyruvate in the mitochondria by up-regulating pyruvate dehydrogenase kinases PDK1 and PDK4 (By similarity). Probably plays a role in gluconeogenesis during overnight fasting, when lactate from white adipose tissue and muscle is the main substrate (By similarity). Involved in mTORC1-mediated metabolic

reprogramming: in response to mTORC1 signaling, translocates into the nucleus and regulates the expression of genes associated with glycolysis and downstream anabolic pathways, such as HIF1A, thereby regulating glucose metabolism (By similarity). Together with FOXK2, acts as a negative regulator of autophagy in skeletal muscle: in response to starvation, enters the nucleus, binds the promoters of autophagy genes and represses their expression, preventing proteolysis of skeletal muscle proteins (By similarity). Acts as a transcriptional regulator of the myogenic progenitor cell population in skeletal muscle (By similarity). Binds to the upstream enhancer region (CCAC box) of myoglobin (MB) gene, regulating the myogenic progenitor cell population (By similarity). Promotes muscle progenitor cell proliferation by repressing the transcriptional activity of FOXO4, thereby inhibiting myogenic differentiation (By similarity). Involved in remodeling processes of adult muscles that occur in response to physiological stimuli (By similarity). Required to correct temporal orchestration of molecular and cellular events necessary for muscle repair (By similarity). Represses myogenic differentiation by inhibiting MEFC activity (By similarity). Positively regulates Wnt/beta-catenin signaling by translocating DVL into the nucleus (PubMed:[25805136](#)). Reduces virus replication, probably by binding the interferon stimulated response element (ISRE) to promote antiviral gene expression (PubMed:[25852164](#)). Accessory component of the polycomb repressive deubiquitinase (PR-DUB) complex; recruits the PR-DUB complex to specific FOXK1-bound genes (PubMed:[24634419](#), PubMed:[30664650](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Translocation to the nucleus is regulated by phosphorylation: phosphorylation by GSK3 (GSK3A or GSK3B) promotes interaction with 14-3-3 proteins and sequestration in the cytoplasm. Dephosphorylation promotes translocation to the nucleus (By similarity). Accumulates in the nucleus upon viral infection (PubMed:[25852164](#)). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P42128, ECO:0000269|PubMed:[25852164](#)}

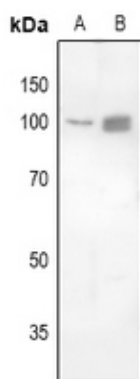
#### Tissue Location

Expressed both developing and adult tissues (PubMed:[15289879](#)). In adults, significant expression is seen in tumors of the brain, colon and lymph node (PubMed:[15289879](#))

## Background

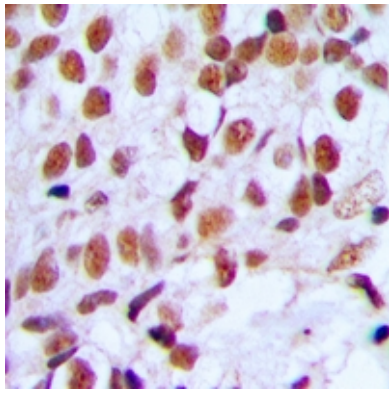
KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human FOXK1. The exact sequence is proprietary.

## Images



Western blot analysis of FOXK1 expression in HEK293T (A), A2780 (B) whole cell lysates.

Immunohistochemical analysis of FOXK1 staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat



mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

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