

# Anti-Glucocorticoid Receptor (pS226) Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to Glucocorticoid Receptor (pS226) Catalog # AP61063

## **Product Information**

ApplicationWB, IHCPrimary AccessionP04150Other AccessionP06537

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat, SARS

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW85659

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 2908

Other Names GRL; Glucocorticoid receptor; GR; Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C

member 1

**Target/Specificity** KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center

region of human Glucocorticoid Receptor. The exact sequence is proprietary.

**Dilution** WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/50 - 1/100) IHC~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC

(1/50 - 1/100)

**Format** Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

### **Protein Information**

Name NR3C1 ( <u>HGNC:7978</u>)

Synonyms GRL

**Function** Receptor for glucocorticoids (GC) (PubMed: <u>27120390</u>, PubMed:<u>37478846</u>).

Has a dual mode of action: as a transcription factor that binds to

glucocorticoid response elements (GRE), both for nuclear and mitochondrial DNA, and as a modulator of other transcription factors (PubMed:28139699). Affects inflammatory responses, cellular proliferation and differentiation in target tissues. Involved in chromatin remodeling (PubMed:9590696). Plays a role in rapid mRNA degradation by binding to the 5' UTR of target mRNAs and interacting with PNRC2 in a ligand-dependent manner which recruits the RNA helicase UPF1 and the mRNA-decapping enzyme DCP1A, leading to RNA decay

(PubMed:25775514). Could act as a coactivator for STAT5-dependent

transcription upon growth hormone (GH) stimulation and could reveal an essential role of hepatic GR in the control of body growth (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform Alpha]: Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Mitochondrion. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Chromosome {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06537}. Nucleus, nucleoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06537}. Note=After ligand activation, translocates from the cytoplasm to the nucleus (PubMed:30698747). The hormone-occupied receptor undergoes rapid exchange between chromatin and the nucleoplasmic compartment (By similarity). In the presence of NR1D1 shows a time-dependent subcellular localization, localizing to the cytoplasm at ZT8 and to the nucleus at ZT20 (By similarity). Lacks this diurnal pattern of localization in the absence of NR1D1, localizing to both nucleus and the cytoplasm at ZT8 and ZT20 (By similarity). Upon dexamethasone binding associates with the glucocorticoid response elements of target genes (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P06537, ECO:0000269|PubMed:30698747} [Isoform Alpha-B]: Nucleus. Cytoplasm Note=After ligand activation, translocates from the cytoplasm to the nucleus.

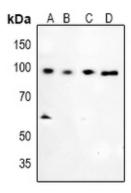
#### **Tissue Location**

Widely expressed including bone, stomach, lung, liver, colon, breast, ovary, pancreas and kidney (PubMed:25847991). In the heart, detected in left and right atria, left and right ventricles, aorta, apex, intraventricular septum, and atrioventricular node as well as whole adult and fetal heart (PubMed:10902803) [Isoform Alpha-2]: Widely expressed.

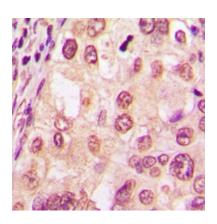
# **Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the center region of human Glucocorticoid Receptor. The exact sequence is proprietary.

# **Images**



Western blot analysis of Glucocorticoid Receptor (pS226) expression in A549 (A), Hela (B), U87MG (C), PC12 (D) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of Glucocorticoid Receptor (pS226) staining in human lung cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.