

# Anti-EGFR (pY1110) Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to EGFR (pY1110) Catalog # AP61178

#### **Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession P00533
Reactivity Human, Rat
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 134277

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 1956

Other Names ERBB; ERBB1; HER1; Epidermal growth factor receptor; Proto-oncogene

c-ErbB-1; Receptor tyrosine-protein kinase erbB-1

**Target/Specificity** Recognizes endogenous levels of EGFR (pY1110) protein.

**Dilution** WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)

Format Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

**Storage** Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

### **Protein Information**

Name EGFR ( HGNC:3236)

**Synonyms** ERBB, ERBB1, HER1

**Function** Receptor tyrosine kinase binding ligands of the EGF family and activating

several signaling cascades to convert extracellular cues into appropriate cellular responses (PubMed:10805725, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:2790960, PubMed:35538033). Known ligands include EGF, TGFA/TGF- alpha, AREG, epigen/EPGN, BTC/betacellulin, epiregulin/EREG and HBEGF/heparin-binding

EGF (PubMed:<u>12297049</u>, PubMed:<u>15611079</u>, PubMed:<u>17909029</u>,

PubMed: 20837704, PubMed: 27153536, PubMed: 2790960, PubMed: 7679104, PubMed: 8144591, PubMed: 9419975). Ligand binding triggers receptor homoand/or heterodimerization and autophosphorylation on key cytoplasmic residues. The phosphorylated receptor recruits adapter proteins like GRB2 which in turn activates complex downstream signaling cascades. Activates at least 4 major downstream signaling cascades including the RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, PLCgamma-PKC and STATs modules (PubMed: 27153536). May

also activate the NF-kappa-B signaling cascade (PubMed:11116146). Also directly phosphorylates other proteins like RGS16, activating its GTPase activity and probably coupling the EGF receptor signaling to the G protein-coupled receptor signaling (PubMed:11602604). Also phosphorylates MUC1 and increases its interaction with SRC and CTNNB1/beta-catenin (PubMed:11483589). Positively regulates cell migration via interaction with CCDC88A/GIV which retains EGFR at the cell membrane following ligand stimulation, promoting EGFR signaling which triggers cell migration (PubMed:20462955). Plays a role in enhancing learning and memory performance (By similarity). Plays a role in mammalian pain signaling (long-lasting hypersensitivity) (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Golgi apparatus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Nucleus membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endosome. Endosome membrane. Nucleus. Note=In response to EGF, translocated from the cell membrane to the nucleus via Golgi and ER (PubMed:17909029, PubMed:20674546). Endocytosed upon activation by ligand (PubMed:17182860, PubMed:17909029, PubMed:27153536, PubMed:2790960). Colocalized with GPER1 in the nucleus of estrogen agonist-induced cancer-associated fibroblasts (CAF) (PubMed:20551055)

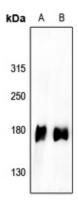
**Tissue Location** 

Ubiquitously expressed. Isoform 2 is also expressed in ovarian cancers.

## **Background**

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human EGFR (pY1110). The exact sequence is proprietary.

# **Images**



Western blot analysis of EGFR (pY1110) expression in PMVEC (A), HCC827 (B) whole cell lysates.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.