

# Anti-Histone H2A (AcK5) Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to Histone H2A (AcK5)

Catalog # AP61492

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">POC08</a>
<b>Other Accession</b>	<a href="#">P22752</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat, Chicken, Bovine
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	14091

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	8329;8330;8332;8336;8969
<b>Other Names</b>	H2AFP; H2AFC; H2AFD; H2AFI; H2AFN; Histone H2A type 1; H2A.1; Histone H2A/p
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the N-term region of human Histone H2A with a site at AcK5. The exact sequence is proprietary.
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000)
<b>Format</b>	Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20 °C. Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	H2AC11 ( <a href="#">HGNC:4737</a> )
<b>Synonyms</b>	H2AFP, HIST1H2AG
<b>Function</b>	Core component of nucleosome. Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template. Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability. DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling.
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Nucleus. Chromosome.

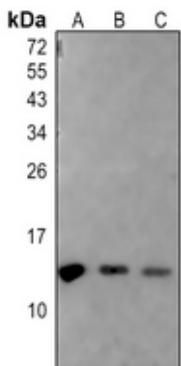
## Background

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KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the N-term region of human Histone H2A with a site at AcK5. The exact sequence is proprietary.

## Images

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Western blot analysis of Histone H2A (AcK5) expression in HEK293T (A), H446 (B), U2OS (C) whole cell lysates.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.