

# Anti-PPP2CA Antibody

Rabbit polyclonal antibody to PPP2CA

Catalog # AP61520

## Product Information

Application	WB, IF/IC, IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P67775</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P63330</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Zebrafish, Pig, Chicken, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	35594

## Additional Information

Gene ID	5515
Other Names	Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase 2A catalytic subunit alpha isoform; PP2A-alpha; Replication protein C; RP-C
Target/Specificity	Recognizes endogenous levels of PPP2CA protein.
Dilution	WB~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500) IF/IC~~N/A IHC~~WB (1/500 - 1/1000), IHC (1/100 - 1/200), IF/IC (1/100 - 1/500)
Format	Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30% glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

## Protein Information

Name	PPP2CA
Function	Catalytic subunit of protein phosphatase 2A (PP2A), a serine/threonine phosphatase involved in the regulation of a wide variety of enzymes, signal transduction pathways, and cellular events (PubMed: <a href="#">10801873</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">12473674</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">17245430</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">22613722</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">33243860</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">34004147</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9920888</a> ). PP2A is the major phosphatase for microtubule-associated proteins (MAPs) (PubMed: <a href="#">22613722</a> ). PP2A can modulate the activity of phosphorylase B kinase casein kinase 2, mitogen-stimulated S6 kinase, and MAP-2 kinase (PubMed: <a href="#">22613722</a> ). Cooperates with SGO2 to protect centromeric cohesin from separase-mediated cleavage in oocytes specifically during meiosis I (By similarity). Can dephosphorylate various proteins, such as SV40 large T antigen, AXIN1, p53/TP53, PIM3, WEE1 (PubMed: <a href="#">10801873</a> ,

PubMed:[12473674](#), PubMed:[17245430](#), PubMed:[9920888](#)). Activates RAF1 by dephosphorylating it at 'Ser-259' (PubMed:[10801873](#)). Mediates dephosphorylation of WEE1, preventing its ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis, increasing WEE1 protein levels, and promoting the G2/M checkpoint (PubMed:[33108758](#)). Mediates dephosphorylation of MYC; promoting its ubiquitin-mediated proteolysis: interaction with AMBRA1 enhances interaction between PPP2CA and MYC (PubMed:[25438055](#)). Mediates dephosphorylation of FOXO3; promoting its stabilization: interaction with AMBRA1 enhances interaction between PPP2CA and FOXO3 (PubMed:[30513302](#)). Catalyzes dephosphorylation of the pyrin domain of NLRP3, promoting assembly of the NLRP3 inflammasome (By similarity). Together with RACK1 adapter, mediates dephosphorylation of AKT1 at 'Ser-473', preventing AKT1 activation and AKT-mTOR signaling pathway (By similarity). Dephosphorylation of AKT1 is essential for regulatory T-cells (Treg) homeostasis and stability (By similarity). Catalyzes dephosphorylation of PIM3, promoting PIM3 ubiquitination and proteasomal degradation (PubMed:[12473674](#)). Part of the striatin- interacting phosphatase and kinase (STRIPAK) complexes (PubMed:[33633399](#)). STRIPAK complexes have critical roles in protein (de)phosphorylation and are regulators of multiple signaling pathways including Hippo, MAPK, nuclear receptor and cytoskeleton remodeling (PubMed:[33633399](#)). Different types of STRIPAK complexes are involved in a variety of biological processes such as cell growth, differentiation, apoptosis, metabolism and immune regulation (PubMed:[33633399](#)). Key mediator of a quality checkpoint during transcription elongation as part of the Integrator-PP2A (INTAC) complex (PubMed:[33243860](#), PubMed:[34004147](#), PubMed:[37080207](#)). The INTAC complex drives premature transcription termination of transcripts that are unfavorably configured for transcriptional elongation: within the INTAC complex, PPP2CA catalyzes dephosphorylation of the C-terminal domain (CTD) of Pol II subunit POLR2A/RPB1 and SUPT5H/SPT5, thereby preventing transcriptional elongation (PubMed:[33243860](#), PubMed:[34004147](#), PubMed:[37080207](#)).

## Cellular Location

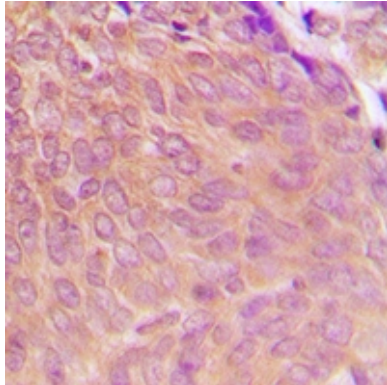
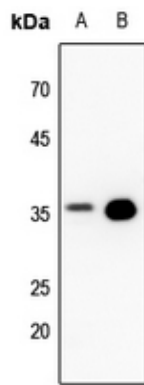
Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Chromosome. Chromosome, centromere. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Note=In prometaphase cells, but not in anaphase cells, localizes at centromeres (PubMed:[16541025](#)). During mitosis, also found at spindle poles (PubMed:[16541025](#)). Centromeric localization requires the presence of SGO2 (By similarity). Recruited to chromatin and transcription pause-release checkpoint via its association with the Integrator complex (PubMed:[33243860](#), PubMed:[34004147](#)). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63330, ECO:0000269|PubMed:[16541025](#), ECO:0000269|PubMed:[33243860](#), ECO:0000269|PubMed:[34004147](#)}

## Background

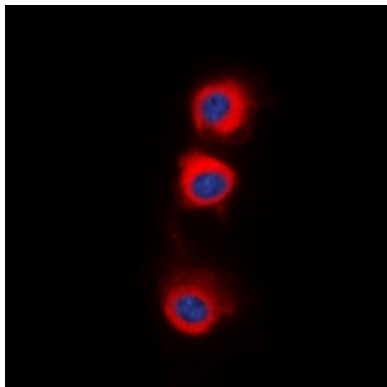
KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence within the C-term region of human PPP2CA. The exact sequence is proprietary.

## Images

Western blot analysis of PPP2CA expression in Hela (A), U2OS (B) whole cell lysates.



Immunohistochemical analysis of PPP2CA staining in human breast cancer formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue section. The section was pre-treated using heat mediated antigen retrieval with sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0). The section was then incubated with the antibody at room temperature and detected using an HRP conjugated compact polymer system. DAB was used as the chromogen. The section was then counterstained with haematoxylin and mounted with DPX.



Immunofluorescent analysis of PPP2CA staining in HepG2 cells. Formalin-fixed cells were permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 in TBS for 5-10 minutes and blocked with 3% BSA-PBS for 30 minutes at room temperature. Cells were probed with the primary antibody in 3% BSA-PBS and incubated overnight at 4 °C in a humidified chamber. Cells were washed with PBST and incubated with a DyLight 594-conjugated secondary antibody (red) in PBS at room temperature in the dark. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue).

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