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Anti-GAPDH Antibody-HRP labled

Mouse monoclonal antibody to GAPDH Catalog # AP61581

Product Information

ApplicationWBPrimary AccessionP04406Other AccessionP16858

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Monkey, Pig, Chicken, Dog, SARS

Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Calculated MW 36053

Additional Information

Gene ID 2597

Other Names GAPD; Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase; GAPDH; Peptidyl-cysteine

S-nitrosylase GAPDH

Target/Specificity Recognizes endogenous levels of GAPDH protein.

Dilution WB~~WB (1/2000 - 1/5000)

Format Liquid in 0.42% Potassium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride, pH 7.3, 30%

glycerol, and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20 °C.Stable for 12 months from date of receipt

Protein Information

Name GAPDH {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:2987855, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:4141}

Function Has both glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase and nitrosylase

activities, thereby playing a role in glycolysis and nuclear functions,

respectively (PubMed: 11724794, PubMed: 3170585).

Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase is a key enzyme in glycolysis that catalyzes the first step of the pathway by converting D- glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate (G3P) into 3-phospho-D-glyceroyl phosphate (PubMed: 11724794,

PubMed:3170585). Modulates the organization and assembly of the

cytoskeleton (By similarity). Facilitates the CHP1- dependent microtubule and membrane associations through its ability to stimulate the binding of CHP1 to

microtubules (By similarity). Component of the GAIT (gamma

interferon-activated inhibitor of translation) complex which mediates interferon-gamma-induced transcript-selective translation inhibition in inflammation processes (PubMed:23071094). Upon interferon-gamma treatment assembles into the GAIT complex which binds to stem

loop-containing GAIT elements in the 3'-UTR of diverse inflammatory mRNAs (such as ceruplasmin) and suppresses their translation (PubMed:23071094). Also plays a role in innate immunity by promoting TNF-induced NF-kappa-B activation and type I interferon production, via interaction with TRAF2 and TRAF3, respectively (PubMed:23332158, PubMed:27387501). Participates in nuclear events including transcription, RNA transport, DNA replication and apoptosis (By similarity). Nuclear functions are probably due to the nitrosylase activity that mediates cysteine S-nitrosylation of nuclear target proteins such as SIRT1, HDAC2 and PRKDC (By similarity).

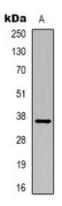
Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P04797}. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Membrane Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P04797} Note=Translocates to the nucleus following S-nitrosylation and interaction with SIAH1, which contains a nuclear localization signal (By similarity). Postnuclear and Perinuclear regions (PubMed:12829261) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P04797, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:12829261}

Background

KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide encompassing a sequence of human GAPDH. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Images



Western blot analysis of GAPDH-HRP labled expression in Hela (A) whole cell lysates.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.