

# MEF2C Antibody (S59)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP6285c

## **Product Information**

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	<u>Q06413</u>
Other Accession	<u>Q03413, 089038, Q63943, Q14814, A4UTP7, Q8CFN5, Q2KIA0, Q03414,</u>
	<u>Q2MJT0, A2ICN5, Q60929, Q02078, Q9W6U8, A2VDZ3</u>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Bovine, Chicken, Mouse, Pig, Rat, Xenopus
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB11081
Calculated MW	51221
Antigen Region	37-66

## **Additional Information**

Gene ID	4208
Other Names	Myocyte-specific enhancer factor 2C, MEF2C
Target/Specificity	This MEF2C antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 37-66 amino acids from human MEF2C.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	MEF2C Antibody (S59) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name	MEF2C ( <u>HGNC:6996</u> )
Function	Transcription activator which binds specifically to the MEF2 element present in the regulatory regions of many muscle-specific genes. Controls cardiac morphogenesis and myogenesis, and is also involved in vascular

	development. Enhances transcriptional activation mediated by SOX18. Plays an essential role in hippocampal-dependent learning and memory by suppressing the number of excitatory synapses and thus regulating basal and evoked synaptic transmission. Crucial for normal neuronal development, distribution, and electrical activity in the neocortex. Necessary for proper development of megakaryocytes and platelets and for bone marrow B-lymphopoiesis. Required for B-cell survival and proliferation in response to BCR stimulation, efficient IgG1 antibody responses to T-cell-dependent antigens and for normal induction of germinal center B-cells. May also be involved in neurogenesis and in the development of cortical architecture (By similarity). Isoforms that lack the repressor domain are more active than isoform 1.
Cellular Location	Nucleus {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:A0A096MJY4}. Cytoplasm, sarcoplasm {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:A0A096MJY4}
Tissue Location	Expressed in brain and skeletal muscle.

#### Background

MEF2C is a transcription activator which binds specifically to the MEF2 element present in the regulatory regions of many muscle-specific genes. This protein controls cardiac morphogenesis and myogenesis, and is also involved in vascular development. It may also be involved in neurogenesis and in the development of cortical architecture.

## References

Konig, S., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(27):28187-28196 (2004). Maeda, T., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 277(50):48889-48898 (2002). Maeda, T., et al., Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 294(4):791-797 (2002). Janson, C.G., et al., Brain Res. Mol. Brain Res. 97(1):70-82 (2001). Krainc, D., et al., Genomics 29(3):809-811 (1995).

#### Images



Western blot analysis of MEF2C (arrow) using rabbit polyclonal MEF2C Antibody (S59) (RB11081). 293 cell lysates (2 ug/lane) either nontransfected (Lane 1) or transiently transfected with the MEF2C gene (Lane 2) (Origene Technologies).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.