

Cleaved-Caspase-1 (M211) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP63078

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IF, E

Primary Accession <u>P29466</u>

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW45159

Additional Information

Gene ID 834

Other Names CASP1; IL1BC; Caspase-1; CASP-1; Interleukin-1 beta convertase;

IL-1BC; Interleukin-1 beta-converting enzyme; ICE; IL-1 beta-converting

enzyme; p45

Dilution WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000.

Not yet tested in other applications. IF~~1:50~200 E~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name CASP1

Synonyms IL1BC, IL1BCE

Function Thiol protease involved in a variety of inflammatory processes by

proteolytically cleaving other proteins, such as the precursors of the inflammatory cytokines interleukin-1 beta (IL1B) and interleukin 18 (IL18) as well as the pyroptosis inducer Gasdermin-D (GSDMD), into active mature peptides (PubMed:15326478, PubMed:15498465, PubMed:1574116,

PubMed:26375003, PubMed:32051255, PubMed:37993714, PubMed:7876192, PubMed:9334240). Plays a key role in cell immunity as an inflammatory response initiator: once activated through formation of an inflammasome complex, it initiates a pro-inflammatory response through the cleavage of the two inflammatory cytokines IL1B and IL18, releasing the mature cytokines which are involved in a variety of inflammatory processes (PubMed:15326478, PubMed:15498465, PubMed:1574116, PubMed:32051255, PubMed:7876192). Cleaves a tetrapeptide after an Asp residue at position P1 (PubMed:15498465, PubMed:1574116, PubMed:7876192). Also initiates pyroptosis, a programmed

lytic cell death pathway, through cleavage of GSDMD (PubMed:26375003). In contrast to cleavage of interleukin IL1B, recognition and cleavage of GSDMD is not strictly dependent on the consensus cleavage site but depends on an exosite interface on CASP1 that recognizes and binds the Gasdermin-D, C-terminal (GSDMD-CT) part (PubMed:32051255, PubMed:32109412, PubMed:32553275). Cleaves and activates CASP7 in response to bacterial infection, promoting plasma membrane repair (PubMed:22464733). Upon inflammasome activation, during DNA virus infection but not RNA virus challenge, controls antiviral immunity through the cleavage of CGAS, rendering it inactive (PubMed:28314590). In apoptotic cells, cleaves SPHK2 which is released from cells and remains enzymatically active extracellularly (PubMed:20197547).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Cell membrane

Tissue Location Expressed in larger amounts in spleen and lung. Detected in liver, heart, small

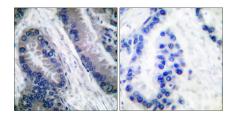
intestine, colon, thymus, prostate, skeletal muscle, peripheral blood

leukocytes, kidney and testis. No expression in the brain.

Background

Thiol protease that cleaves IL-1 beta between an Asp and an Ala, releasing the mature cytokine which is involved in a variety of inflammatory processes. Important for defense against pathogens. Cleaves and activates sterol regulatory element binding proteins (SREBPs). Can also promote apoptosis. Upon inflammasome activation, during DNA virus infection but not RNA virus challenge, controls antiviral immunity through the cleavage of CGAS, rendering it inactive (PubMed: 28314590).

Images



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma, using IL-1 beta (Cleaved-Asp210) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

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