

# Cleaved-Caspase-6 p18 (D179) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP63083

#### **Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession P55212
Reactivity Human, Rat
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 33310

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 839

Other Names CASP6; MCH2; Caspase-6; CASP-6; Apoptotic protease Mch-2

**Dilution** WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

#### **Protein Information**

Name CASP6 ( HGNC:1507)

**Function** Cysteine protease that plays essential roles in programmed cell death,

axonal degeneration, development and innate immunity (PubMed:19133298,

PubMed:22858542, PubMed:27032039, PubMed:28864531,

PubMed:30420425, PubMed:32298652, PubMed:8663580). Acts as a non-canonical executioner caspase during apoptosis: localizes in the nucleus and cleaves the nuclear structural protein NUMA1 and lamin A/LMNA thereby

inducing nuclear shrinkage and fragmentation (PubMed: 11953316,

PubMed:17401638, PubMed:8663580, PubMed:9463409). Lamin-A/LMNA cleavage is required for chromatin condensation and nuclear disassembly during apoptotic execution (PubMed:11953316). Acts as a regulator of liver damage by promoting hepatocyte apoptosis: in absence of phosphorylation by AMP-activated protein kinase (AMPK), catalyzes cleavage of BID, leading to cytochrome c release, thereby participating in nonalcoholic steatohepatitis (PubMed:32029622). Cleaves PARK7/DJ-1 in cells undergoing apoptosis (By similarity). Involved in intrinsic apoptosis by mediating cleavage of RIPK1 (PubMed:22858542). Furthermore, cleaves many transcription factors such as

NF-kappa-B and cAMP response element-binding protein/CREBBP (PubMed: 10559921, PubMed: 14657026). Cleaves phospholipid scramblase

proteins XKR4 and XKR9 (By similarity). In addition to apoptosis, involved in different forms of programmed cell death (PubMed:32298652). Plays an essential role in defense against viruses by acting as a central mediator of the ZBP1-mediated pyroptosis, apoptosis, and necroptosis (PANoptosis), independently of its cysteine protease activity (PubMed:32298652). PANoptosis is a unique inflammatory programmed cell death, which provides a molecular scaffold that allows the interactions and activation of machinery required for inflammasome/pyroptosis, apoptosis and necroptosis (PubMed:32298652). Mechanistically, interacts with RIPK3 and enhances the interaction between RIPK3 and ZBP1, leading to ZBP1-mediated inflammasome activation and cell death (PubMed:32298652). Plays an essential role in axon degeneration during axon pruning which is the remodeling of axons during neurogenesis but not apoptosis (By similarity). Regulates B-cell programs both during early development and after antigen stimulation (By similarity).

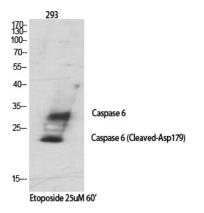
#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus

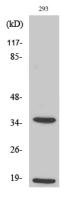
## **Background**

Involved in the activation cascade of caspases responsible for apoptosis execution. Cleaves poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase in vitro, as well as lamins. Overexpression promotes programmed cell death.

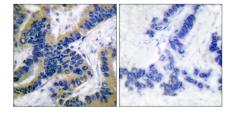
## **Images**



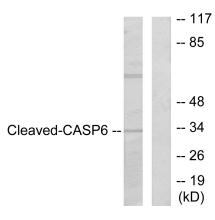
Western Blot analysis of various cells using Cleaved-Caspase-6 p18 (D179) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 1000



Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using Cleaved-Caspase-6 p18 (D179) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 1000



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma tissue, using Caspase 6 (Cleaved-Asp162) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells, treated with Etoposide 25uM 60', using Caspase 6 (Cleaved-Asp162) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.