

HAO1 Monoclonal Antibody(Mix)

Catalog # AP63521

Product Information

WB, IHC-P, IF
<u>Q9UJM8</u>
Mouse, Rat
Mouse
Monoclonal
40924

Additional Information

Gene ID	54363
Other Names	Hydroxyacid oxidase 1; HAOX1; Glycolate oxidase; GOX
Dilution	WB~~WB: 1:1000-2000 IF 1:200 IHC 1:50-300 IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200
Format	PBS, pH 7.4, containing 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide as Preservative and 50% Glycerol.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	HAO1 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:10978532, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:4809}
Function	Broad substrate specificity (S)-2-hydroxy-acid oxidase that preferentially oxidizes glycolate (PubMed:10777549, PubMed:10978532, PubMed:17669354, PubMed:18215067). The glyoxylate produced by the oxidation of glycolate can then be utilized by alanine-glyoxylate aminotransferase for the peroxisomal synthesis of glycine; this pathway appears to be an important step for the detoxification of glyoxylate which, if allowed to accumulate, may be metabolized to oxalate with formation of kidney stones (PubMed:10978532, PubMed:17669354). Can also catalyze the oxidation of glyoxylate, and long chain hydroxyacids such as 2-hydroxyhexadecanoate and 2-hydroxyoctanoate, albeit with much lower catalytic efficiency (PubMed:10777549, PubMed:17669354, PubMed:18215067). Active in vitro with the artificial electron acceptor 2,6-dichlorophenolindophenol (DCIP), but O2 is believed to be the physiological electron acceptor, leading to the production of H2O2 (PubMed:10777549, PubMed:10978532, PubMed:17669354, PubMed:10777549, PubMed:10978532,
Cellular Location	Peroxisome matrix.

Background

Has 2-hydroxyacid oxidase activity. Most active on the 2-carbon substrate glycolate, but is also active on 2-hydroxy fatty acids, with high activity towards 2-hydroxy palmitate and 2- hydroxy octanoate.

Images



Western blot analysis of 1) Mouse Liver Tissue, 2) Rat Liver Tissue using HAO1 Monoclonal Antibody.



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