

EAAT2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP63677

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P43004
Reactivity	Human, Rat, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	62104

Additional Information

Gene ID	6506
Other Names	Excitatory amino acid transporter 2 (Glutamate/aspartate transporter II) (Sodium-dependent glutamate/aspartate transporter 2) (Solute carrier family 1 member 2)
Dilution	WB~~WB 1:1000-2000
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

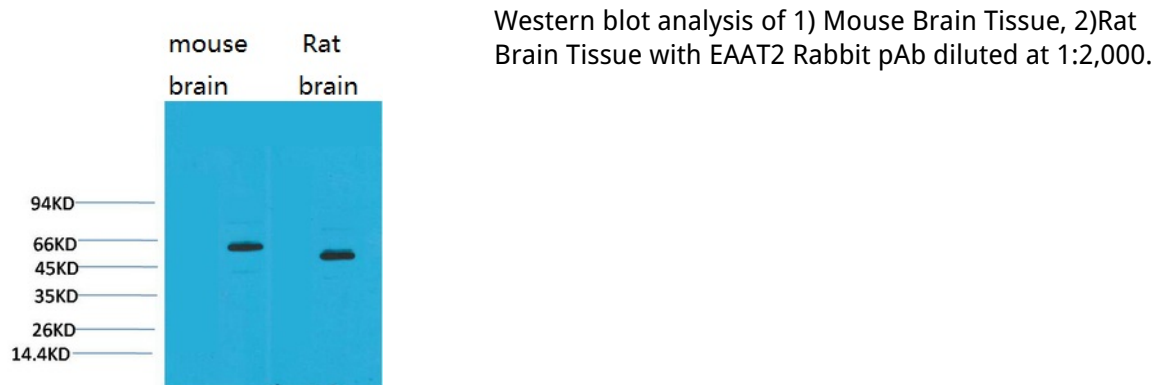
Name	SLC1A2 (HGNC:10940)
Function	Sodium-dependent, high-affinity amino acid transporter that mediates the uptake of L-glutamate and also L-aspartate and D-aspartate (PubMed: 14506254 , PubMed: 15265858 , PubMed: 26690923 , PubMed: 7521911). Functions as a symporter that transports one amino acid molecule together with two or three Na(+) ions and one proton, in parallel with the counter-transport of one K(+) ion (PubMed: 14506254). Mediates Cl(-) flux that is not coupled to amino acid transport; this avoids the accumulation of negative charges due to aspartate and Na(+) symport (PubMed: 14506254). Essential for the rapid removal of released glutamate from the synaptic cleft, and for terminating the postsynaptic action of glutamate (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

Background

Sodium-dependent, high-affinity amino acid transporter that mediates the uptake of L-glutamate and also

L-aspartate and D-aspartate (PubMed:[7521911](#), PubMed:[14506254](#), PubMed:[15265858](#), PubMed:[26690923](#)). Functions as a symporter that transports one amino acid molecule together with two or three Na(+) ions and one proton, in parallel with the counter-transport of one K(+) ion (PubMed:[14506254](#)). Mediates Cl(-) flux that is not coupled to amino acid transport; this avoids the accumulation of negative charges due to aspartate and Na(+) symport (PubMed:[14506254](#)). Essential for the rapid removal of released glutamate from the synaptic cleft, and for terminating the postsynaptic action of glutamate (By similarity).

Images



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.