10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

Lamin B1 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP6586b

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, E
Primary Accession	P20700
Other Accession	P70615, P14733
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse, Rat, Bovine, Canine, Rabbit, Chicken
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB19539
Calculated MW	66408
Antigen Region	459-488

Additional Information

Gene ID	4001
Other Names	Lamin-B1, LMNB1, LMN2, LMNB
Target/Specificity	This Lamin B1 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 459-488 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human Lamin B1.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	Lamin B1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	LMNB1
Synonyms	LMN2, LMNB
Function	Lamins are intermediate filament proteins that assemble into a filamentous

meshwork, and which constitute the major components of the nuclear lamina, a fibrous layer on the nucleoplasmic side of the inner nuclear membrane (PubMed:28716252, PubMed:32910914). Lamins provide a framework for the nuclear envelope, bridging the nuclear envelope and chromatin, thereby playing an important role in nuclear assembly, chromatin organization, nuclear membrane and telomere dynamics (PubMed:28716252, PubMed:32910914). The structural integrity of the lamina is strictly controlled by the cell cycle, as seen by the disintegration and formation of the nuclear envelope in prophase and telophase, respectively (PubMed:28716252, PubMed:32910914). Plays a role in sperm morphological development during late stages of spermiogenesis, particularly the anchoring of the sperm head to the tail (PubMed:38870534). Component of the LMNB1/SUN5/SEPT12 bridge that connects the sperm proximal centriole to the implantation fossa, the bridge functions to prevent detachment of the proximal centriole from the posterior nucleus during spermiogenesis (PubMed:38870534).

Cellular Location

Nucleus lamina. Note=Expressed in the posterior part of the nucleus during mid-steps of spermiogenesis, expression becomes more localized to the implantation fossa in later stages (By similarity) Expressed at the neck region in mature sperm (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P14733}

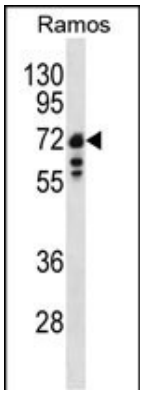
Background

The nuclear lamina consists of a two-dimensional matrix of proteins located next to the inner nuclear membrane. The lamin family of proteins make up the matrix and are highly conserved in evolution. During mitosis, the lamina matrix is reversibly disassembled as the lamin proteins are phosphorylated. Lamin proteins are thought to be involved in nuclear stability, chromatin structure and gene expression. Vertebrate lamins consist of two types, A and B. Lamin B1 is one of the two B type proteins, B1.

References

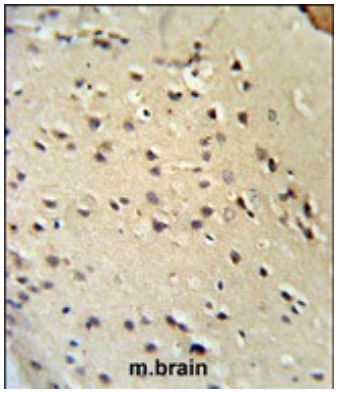
Martin,C., J. Cell. Sci. 122 (PT 10), 1551-1562 (2009)
Brussino,A., J. Neurol. Neurosurg. Psychiatr. 80 (2), 237-240 (2009)

Images



Western blot analysis of Lamin B1 antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP6586b) in Ramos cell line lysates (35ug/lane). Lamin B1 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

Lamin B1 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP6586b) IHC analysis in formalin fixed and paraffin embedded mouse brain tissue followed by peroxidase conjugation of the secondary antibody and DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of the Lamin B1 Antibody (C-term) for immunohistochemistry. Clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



Citations

- Cysteine-rich protein 61 regulates adipocyte differentiation from mesenchymal stem cells through mammalian target of rapamycin complex 1 and canonical Wnt signaling.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.