

PSME2 Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP6692b

Product Information

Application IHC-P, FC, WB, E

Primary Accession Q9UL46

Other Accession Q63798, P97372, Q5E9G3
Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

Predicted Bovine, Rat
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Clone Names RB20222
Calculated MW 27402
Antigen Region 210-239

Additional Information

Gene ID 5721

Other Names Proteasome activator complex subunit 2, 11S regulator complex subunit beta,

REG-beta, Activator of multicatalytic protease subunit 2, Proteasome activator

28 subunit beta, PA28b, PA28beta, PSME2

Target/Specificity This PSME2 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 210-239 amino acids from the

C-terminal region of human PSME2.

Dilution IHC-P~~1:100~500 FC~~1:10~50 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent

concentration.

Format Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation

followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions PSME2 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name PSME2

Implicated in immunoproteasome assembly and required for efficient antigen processing. The PA28 activator complex enhances the generation of class I binding peptides by altering the cleavage pattern of the proteasome.

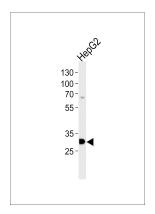
Background

The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. The immunoproteasome contains an alternate regulator, referred to as the 11S regulator or PA28, that replaces the 19S regulator. Three subunits (alpha, beta and gamma) of the 11S regulator have been identified. PSME2 is the beta subunit of the 11S regulator, one of the two 11S subunits that is induced by gamma-interferon.

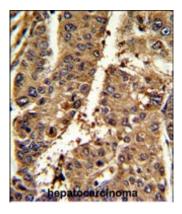
References

Conticello, S.G., Curr. Biol. 13 (22), 2009-2013 (2003)

Images

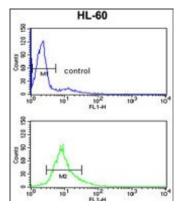


Western blot analysis of lysate from HepG2 cell line, using PSME2 Antibody (C-term)(Cat. #AP6692b). AP6692b was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysate at 35ug per lane.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded mouse hepatocarcinoma reacted with PSME2 Antibody (C-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

PSME2 Antibody (C-term) (Cat. #AP6692b) flow cytometry analysis of HL-60 cells (bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram).FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.