

Smad2 (phospho Ser467) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP67516

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P Primary Accession 015796

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW52306

Additional Information

Gene ID 4087

Other Names SMAD2; MADH2; MADR2; Mothers against decapentaplegic homolog 2; MAD

homolog 2; Mothers against DPP homolog 2; JV18-1; Mad-related protein 2;

hMAD-2; SMAD family member 2; SMAD 2; Smad2; hSMAD2

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name SMAD2

Synonyms MADH2, MADR2

Function Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer

and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. Promotes TGFB1-mediated transcription of odontoblastic differentiation genes in dental papilla cells (By similarity). Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator. May act as a tumor suppressor in colorectal carcinoma

(PubMed:<u>8752209</u>).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Cytoplasmic and nuclear in the absence of

TGF-beta. On TGF-beta stimulation, migrates to the nucleus when complexed

with SMAD4 or with IPO7 (PubMed:21145499, PubMed:9865696). On

dephosphorylation by phosphatase PPM1A, released from the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, and exported out of the nucleus by interaction with RANBP1 (PubMed:16751101, PubMed:19289081). Localized mainly to the nucleus in the early stages of embryo development with expression becoming evident in the cytoplasm at the blastocyst and epiblast stages (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q62432, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:16751101, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:19289081, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:21145499, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:9865696}

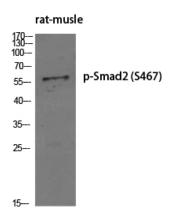
Tissue Location

Expressed at high levels in skeletal muscle, endothelial cells, heart and placenta.

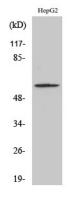
Background

Receptor-regulated SMAD (R-SMAD) that is an intracellular signal transducer and transcriptional modulator activated by TGF-beta (transforming growth factor) and activin type 1 receptor kinases. Binds the TRE element in the promoter region of many genes that are regulated by TGF-beta and, on formation of the SMAD2/SMAD4 complex, activates transcription. May act as a tumor suppressor in colorectal carcinoma. Positively regulates PDPK1 kinase activity by stimulating its dissociation from the 14-3-3 protein YWHAQ which acts as a negative regulator.

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-Smad2 (S467) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Western Blot analysis of HepG2 cells using Phospho-Smad2 (S467) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.