

c-Fos (phospho Ser362) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP67563

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P **Primary Accession** P01100

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW40695

Additional Information

Gene ID 2353

Other Names FOS; G0S7; Proto-oncogene c-Fos; Cellular oncogene fos; G0/G1 switch

regulatory protein 7

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name FOS

Synonyms G0S7

Function Nuclear phosphoprotein which forms a tight but non-covalently linked

complex with the JUN/AP-1 transcription factor. In the heterodimer, FOS and JUN/AP-1 basic regions each seems to interact with symmetrical DNA half sites. On TGF-beta activation, forms a multimeric SMAD3/SMAD4/JUN/FOS complex at the AP1/SMAD-binding site to regulate TGF-beta-mediated signaling. Has a critical function in regulating the development of cells destined to form and maintain the skeleton. It is thought to have an important role in signal transduction, cell proliferation and differentiation. In

growing cells, activates phospholipid synthesis, possibly by activating CDS1 and PI4K2A. This activity requires Tyr-dephosphorylation and association with

the endoplasmic reticulum.

Cellular Location Nucleus. Endoplasmic reticulum. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=In quiescent cells,

present in very small amounts in the cytosol. Following induction of cell growth, first localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum and only later to the

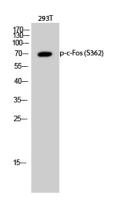
Background

Nuclear phosphoprotein which forms a tight but non- covalently linked complex with the JUN/AP-1 transcription factor. In the heterodimer, FOS and JUN/AP-1 basic regions each seems to interact with symmetrical DNA half sites. On TGF-beta activation, forms a multimeric SMAD3/SMAD4/JUN/FOS complex at the AP1/SMAD- binding site to regulate TGF-beta-mediated signaling. Has a critical function in regulating the development of cells destined to form and maintain the skeleton. It is thought to have an important role in signal transduction, cell proliferation and differentiation. In growing cells, activates phospholipid synthesis, possibly by activating CDS1 and PI4K2A. This activity requires Tyr-dephosphorylation and association with the endoplasmic reticulum.

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Phospho-c-Fos (S362) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 2000 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003,Inventbiotech,MN,USA).



Western Blot analysis of 293T cells using Phospho-c-Fos (S362) Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 2000 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003,Inventbiotech,MN,USA).

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