

Vav3 (phospho Tyr173) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP67771

Product Information

ApplicationWB, IHC-PPrimary AccessionQ9UKW4ReactivityHuman, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW97776

Additional Information

Gene ID 10451

Other Names VAV3; Guanine nucleotide exchange factor VAV3; VAV-3

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name VAV3

Function Exchange factor for GTP-binding proteins RhoA, RhoG and, to a lesser extent,

Rac1. Binds physically to the nucleotide-free states of those GTPases. Plays an important role in angiogenesis. Its recruitment by phosphorylated EPHA2 is critical for EFNA1-induced RAC1 GTPase activation and vascular endothelial

cell migration and assembly (By similarity). May be important for

integrin-mediated signaling, at least in some cell types. In osteoclasts, along

with SYK tyrosine kinase, required for signaling through integrin

alpha-v/beta-1 (ITAGV-ITGB1), a crucial event for osteoclast proper

cytoskeleton organization and function. This signaling pathway involves RAC1, but not RHO, activation. Necessary for proper wound healing. In the course of wound healing, required for the phagocytotic cup formation preceding macrophage phagocytosis of apoptotic neutrophils. Responsible for integrin beta-2 (ITGB2)-mediated macrophage adhesion and, to a lesser extent, contributes to beta-3 (ITGB3)-mediated adhesion. Does not affect integrin

beta-1 (ITGB1)-mediated adhesion (By similarity).

Tissue Location Isoform 1 and isoform 3 are widely expressed; both are expressed at very low

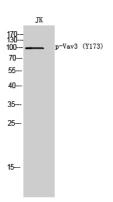
levels in skeletal muscle. In keratinocytes, isoform 1 is less abundant than

isoform 3. Isoform 3 is detected at very low levels, if any, in adrenal gland, bone marrow, spleen, fetal brain and spinal cord; in these tissues, isoform 1 is readily detectable.

Background

Exchange factor for GTP-binding proteins RhoA, RhoG and, to a lesser extent, Rac1. Binds physically to the nucleotide-free states of those GTPases. Plays an important role in angiogenesis. Its recruitment by phosphorylated EPHA2 is critical for EFNA1- induced RAC1 GTPase activation and vascular endothelial cell migration and assembly (By similarity). May be important for integrin-mediated signaling, at least in some cell types. In osteoclasts, along with SYK tyrosine kinase, required for signaling through integrin alpha-v/beta-1 (ITAGV-ITGB1), a crucial event for osteoclast proper cytoskeleton organization and function. This signaling pathway involves RAC1, but not RHO, activation. Necessary for proper wound healing. In the course of wound healing, required for the phagocytotic cup formation preceding macrophage phagocytosis of apoptotic neutrophils. Responsible for integrin beta-2 (ITGB2)-mediated macrophage adhesion and, to a lesser extent, contributes to beta-3 (ITGB3)- mediated adhesion. Does not affect integrin beta-1 (ITGB1)-mediated adhesion (By similarity).

Images



Western Blot analysis of JK cells using Phospho-Vav3 (Y173) Polyclonal Antibody

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