

# HSP27 (Phospho S78/82) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP68182

### **Product Information**

Application WB Primary Accession P04792

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 22783

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 3315

Other Names Heat shock protein beta-1 (HspB1) (28 kDa heat shock protein)

(Estrogen-regulated 24 kDa protein) (Heat shock 27 kDa protein) (HSP 27)

(Stress-responsive protein 27) (SRP27)

**Dilution** WB~~WB 1:500-2000, ELISA(peptide)1:5000-20000

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

#### **Protein Information**

Name HSPB1

**Synonyms** HSP27, HSP28

**Function** Small heat shock protein which functions as a molecular chaperone

probably maintaining denatured proteins in a folding- competent state (PubMed:10383393, PubMed:20178975). Plays a role in stress resistance and actin organization (PubMed:19166925). Through its molecular chaperone activity may regulate numerous biological processes including the phosphorylation and the axonal transport of neurofilament proteins

(PubMed: 23728742).

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm. Nucleus Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle Note=Cytoplasmic in

interphase cells. Colocalizes with mitotic spindles in mitotic cells. Translocates to the nucleus during heat shock and resides in sub-nuclear structures known

as SC35 speckles or nuclear splicing speckles.

**Tissue Location** Detected in all tissues tested: skeletal muscle, heart, aorta, large intestine,

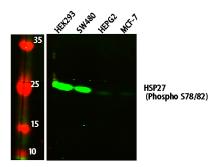
small intestine, stomach, esophagus, bladder, adrenal gland, thyroid,

pancreas, testis, adipose tissue, kidney, liver, spleen, cerebral cortex, blood serum and cerebrospinal fluid. Highest levels are found in the heart and in tissues composed of striated and smooth muscle.

# **Background**

Small heat shock protein which functions as a molecular chaperone probably maintaining denatured proteins in a folding- competent state (PubMed:10383393, PubMed:20178975). Plays a role in stress resistance and actin organization (PubMed:19166925). Through its molecular chaperone activity may regulate numerous biological processes including the phosphorylation and the axonal transport of neurofilament proteins (PubMed:23728742).

## **Images**



Western blot analysis of various lysates, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night, secondary antibody(cat: RS23920)was diluted at 1:10000, 37° 1hour.

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