

# MAFF Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)

Catalog # AP6837C

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	IHC-P, WB, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q9ULX9</a>
<b>Other Accession</b>	<a href="#">O54791</a> , <a href="#">A7YY73</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Predicted</b>	Bovine
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clone Names</b>	RB20601
<b>Calculated MW</b>	17760
<b>Antigen Region</b>	66-92

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	23764
<b>Other Names</b>	Transcription factor MafF, U-Maf, V-maf musculoaponeurotic fibrosarcoma oncogene homolog F, MAFF
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	This MAFF antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 66-92 amino acids from the Central region of human MAFF.
<b>Dilution</b>	IHC-P~~1:100~500 WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
<b>Format</b>	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	MAFF Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	MAFF
<b>Function</b>	Since they lack a putative transactivation domain, the small Mafs behave as transcriptional repressors when they dimerize among themselves

(PubMed:[8932385](#)). However, they seem to serve as transcriptional activators by dimerizing with other (usually larger) basic-zipper proteins, such as NFE2L1/NRF1, and recruiting them to specific DNA-binding sites. Interacts with the upstream promoter region of the oxytocin receptor gene (PubMed:[16549056](#), PubMed:[8932385](#)). May be a transcriptional enhancer in the up-regulation of the oxytocin receptor gene at parturition (PubMed:[10527846](#)).

**Cellular Location**

Nucleus.

**Tissue Location**

Expressed in the term myometrium and kidney.

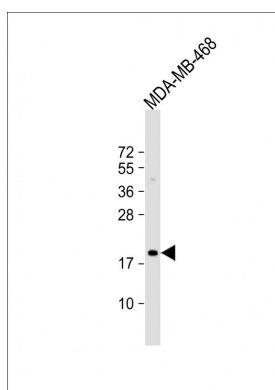
## Background

MAFF is a basic leucine zipper (bZIP) transcription factor that lacks a transactivation domain. It is known to bind the US-2 DNA element in the promoter of the oxytocin receptor (OTR) gene and most likely heterodimerizes with other leucine zipper-containing proteins to enhance expression of the OTR gene during term pregnancy. This protein can also form homodimers, and since it lacks a transactivation domain, the homodimer may act as a repressor of transcription.

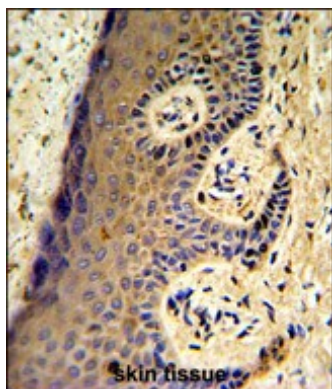
## References

Kataoka,K., et.al., J. Biol. Chem. 276 (1), 819-826 (2001)

## Images



Anti-MAFF Antibody (Center) at 1:1000 dilution + MDA-MB-468 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 18 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human skin reacted with MAFF Antibody (Center), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.