

# **API5 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog # AP68447

#### **Product Information**

ApplicationWB, IHC-PPrimary AccessionQ9BZZ5

Reactivity Human, Mouse

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW59005

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 8539

**Other Names** API5; MIG8; Apoptosis inhibitor 5; API-5; Antiapoptosis clone 11 protein;

AAC-11; Cell migration-inducing gene 8 protein; Fibroblast growth factor

2-interacting factor; FIF; Protein XAGL

**Dilution** WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

#### **Protein Information**

Name API5 ( HGNC:594)

**Function** Antiapoptotic factor that may have a role in protein assembly. Negatively

regulates ACIN1. By binding to ACIN1, it suppresses ACIN1 cleavage from CASP3 and ACIN1-mediated DNA fragmentation. Also known to efficiently suppress E2F1-induced apoptosis. Its depletion enhances the cytotoxic action

of the chemotherapeutic drugs.

**Cellular Location** Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Mainly nuclear. Can also be cytoplasmic

**Tissue Location** Expressed in all tissues tested, including heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver,

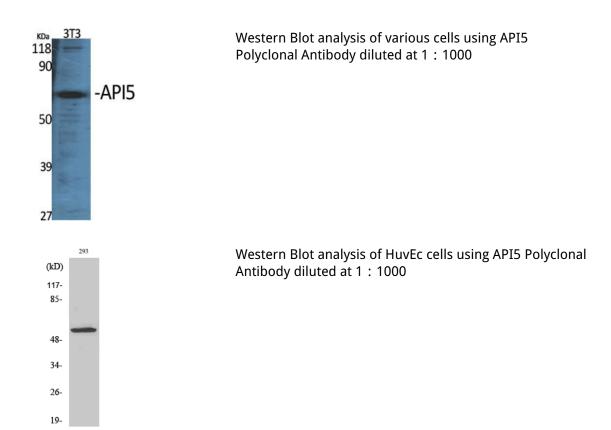
skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas Highest levels in heart, pancreas and placenta. Highly expressed in several cancers. Preferentially expressed in squamous cell carcinoma versus adenocarcinoma in non-small cell lung

cancer

## Background

Antiapoptotic factor that may have a role in protein assembly. Negatively regulates ACIN1. By binding to ACIN1, it suppresses ACIN1 cleavage from CASP3 and ACIN1-mediated DNA fragmentation. Also known to efficiently suppress E2F1-induced apoptosis. Its depletion enhances the cytotoxic action of the chemotherapeutic drugs.

### **Images**



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