

AQP2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP68473

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IF Primary Accession P41181

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 28837

Additional Information

Gene ID 359

Other Names AQP2; Aquaporin-2; AQP-2; ADH water channel; Aquaporin-CD; AQP-CD;

Collecting duct water channel protein; WCH-CD; Water channel protein for

renal collecting duct

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other

applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name AQP2 (HGNC:634)

Function Forms a water-specific channel that provides the plasma membranes of

renal collecting duct with high permeability to water, thereby permitting water to move in the direction of an osmotic gradient (PubMed:15509592, PubMed:7510718, PubMed:7524315, PubMed:8140421, PubMed:8584435). Plays an essential role in renal water homeostasis (PubMed:15509592, PubMed:7524315, PubMed:8140421). Could also be permeable to glycerol

(PubMed:<u>8584435</u>).

Cellular Location Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Basolateral cell

membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P34080}; Multi-pass membrane protein.

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Shuttles from vesicles to the apical membrane (PubMed:15509592). Vasopressin-regulated phosphorylation is required for translocation to the apical cell membrane

(PubMed:15509592). PLEKHA8/FAPP2 is required to transport AQP2 from the TGN to sites where AQP2 is phosphorylated (By similarity) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P34080, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15509592}

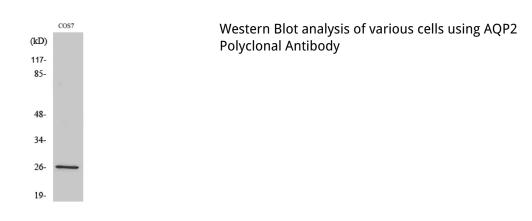
Tissue Location

Expressed in collecting tubules in kidney medulla (at protein level) (PubMed:7510718). Detected in kidney (PubMed:7510718).

Background

Forms a water-specific channel that provides the plasma membranes of renal collecting duct with high permeability to water, thereby permitting water to move in the direction of an osmotic gradient.

Images



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