

# **AQP5 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog # AP68476

### **Product Information**

Application WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession P55064
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 28292

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 362

Other Names AQP5; Aquaporin-5; AQP-5

**Dilution** WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

#### **Protein Information**

Name AQP5 ( HGNC:638)

**Function** Aquaporins form homotetrameric transmembrane channels, with each

monomer independently mediating water transport across the plasma membrane along its osmotic gradient (PubMed:18768791, PubMed:8621489). Plays an important role in fluid secretion in salivary glands (By similarity). Required for TRPV4 activation by hypotonicity. Together with TRPV4, controls regulatory volume decrease in salivary epithelial cells (PubMed:16571723). Seems to play a redundant role in water transport in the eye, lung and in

sweat glands (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell membrane;

Multi-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein Note=Hypotonicity increases location at the cell membrane Phosphorylation decreases location at the cell membrane

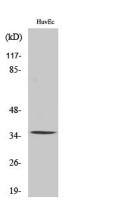
**Tissue Location** Detected in skin eccrine sweat glands, at the apical cell membrane and at

intercellular canaliculi (at protein level).

## **Background**

Forms a water-specific channel. Implicated in the generation of saliva, tears, and pulmonary secretions. Required for TRPV4 activation by hypotonicity (PubMed: 16571723). Together with TRPV4, controls regulatory volume decrease in salivary epithelial cells (PubMed: 16571723).

## **Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using AQP5 Polyclonal Antibody

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