

Bcl-2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP68653

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IF **Primary Accession** P10415

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW26266

Additional Information

Gene ID 596

Other Names BCL2; Apoptosis regulator Bcl-2

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other

applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name BCL2

Function Suppresses apoptosis in a variety of cell systems including factor-dependent

lymphohematopoietic and neural cells (PubMed:<u>1508712</u>, PubMed:<u>8183370</u>). Regulates cell death by controlling the mitochondrial membrane permeability (PubMed:<u>11368354</u>). Appears to function in a feedback loop system with caspases (PubMed:<u>11368354</u>). Inhibits caspase activity either by preventing the release of cytochrome c from the mitochondria and/or by binding to the apoptosis-activating factor (APAF-1) (PubMed:<u>11368354</u>). Also acts as an inhibitor of autophagy: interacts with BECN1 and AMBRA1 during non-starvation conditions and inhibits their autophagy function

(PubMed: <u>18570871</u>, PubMed: <u>20889974</u>, PubMed: <u>21358617</u>). May attenuate inflammation by impairing NLRP1- inflammasome activation, hence CASP1

activation and IL1B release (PubMed: 17418785).

Cellular Location Mitochondrion outer membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Nucleus

membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum

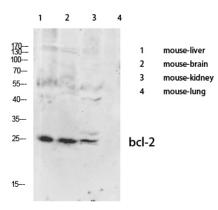
membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm

{ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P10417}

Background

Suppresses apoptosis in a variety of cell systems including factor-dependent lymphohematopoietic and neural cells. Regulates cell death by controlling the mitochondrial membrane permeability. Appears to function in a feedback loop system with caspases. Inhibits caspase activity either by preventing the release of cytochrome c from the mitochondria and/or by binding to the apoptosis-activating factor (APAF-1). May attenuate inflammation by impairing NLRP1-inflammasome activation, hence CASP1 activation and IL1B release (PubMed: 17418785).

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using primary antibody diluted at 1:1000(4°C overnight). Secondary antibody: Goat Anti-rabbit IgG IRDye 800(diluted at 1:5000, 25°C, 1 hour). Cell lysate was extracted by Minute™ Plasma Membrane Protein Isolation and Cell Fractionation Kit(SM-005, Inventbiotech,MN,USA).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.