

BRCA1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP68701

Product Information

ApplicationWB, IHC-PPrimary AccessionP38398ReactivityHumanHostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW207721

Additional Information

Gene ID 672

Other Names BRCA1; RNF53; Breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein; RING finger protein

53

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name BRCA1

Synonyms RNF53

Function E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that specifically mediates the formation of

'Lys-6'-linked polyubiquitin chains and plays a central role in DNA repair by

facilitating cellular responses to DNA damage (PubMed: 10500182,

PubMed:<u>12887909</u>, PubMed:<u>12890688</u>, PubMed:<u>14976165</u>,

PubMed:<u>16818604</u>, PubMed:<u>17525340</u>, PubMed:<u>19261748</u>). It is unclear whether it also mediates the formation of other types of polyubiquitin chains (PubMed:<u>12890688</u>). The BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer coordinates a diverse range of cellular pathways such as DNA damage repair, ubiquitination and transcriptional regulation to maintain genomic stability (PubMed:<u>12890688</u>, PubMed:<u>14976165</u>, PubMed:<u>20351172</u>). Regulates centrosomal microtubule nucleation (PubMed:<u>18056443</u>). Required for appropriate cell cycle arrests after ionizing irradiation in both the S-phase and the G2 phase of the cell

cycle (PubMed:<u>10724175</u>, PubMed:<u>11836499</u>, PubMed:<u>12183412</u>, PubMed:<u>19261748</u>). Required for FANCD2 targeting to sites of DNA damage

(PubMed: 12887909). Inhibits lipid synthesis by binding to inactive

phosphorylated ACACA and preventing its dephosphorylation (PubMed:16326698). Contributes to homologous recombination repair (HRR) via its direct interaction with PALB2, fine-tunes recombinational repair partly through its modulatory role in the PALB2-dependent loading of BRCA2-RAD51 repair machinery at DNA breaks (PubMed:19369211). Component of the BRCA1-RBBP8 complex which regulates CHEK1 activation and controls cell cycle G2/M checkpoints on DNA damage via BRCA1-mediated ubiquitination of RBBP8 (PubMed:16818604). Acts as a transcriptional activator (PubMed:20160719).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome. Cytoplasm. Note=Localizes at sites of DNA damage at double-strand breaks (DSBs); recruitment to DNA damage sites is mediated by ABRAXAS1 and the BRCA1-A complex (PubMed:26778126) Translocated to the cytoplasm during UV-induced apoptosis (PubMed:20160719). [Isoform 5]: Cytoplasm

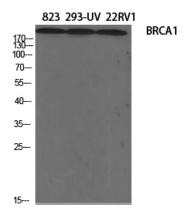
Tissue Location

Isoform 1 and isoform 3 are widely expressed. Isoform 3 is reduced or absent in several breast and ovarian cancer cell lines

Background

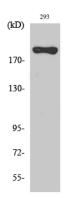
E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that specifically mediates the formation of 'Lys-6'-linked polyubiquitin chains and plays a central role in DNA repair by facilitating cellular responses to DNA damage. It is unclear whether it also mediates the formation of other types of polyubiquitin chains. The E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity is required for its tumor suppressor function. The BRCA1-BARD1 heterodimer coordinates a diverse range of cellular pathways such as DNA damage repair, ubiquitination and transcriptional regulation to maintain genomic stability. Regulates centrosomal microtubule nucleation. Required for normal cell cycle progression from G2 to mitosis. Required for appropriate cell cycle arrests after ionizing irradiation in both the S-phase and the G2 phase of the cell cycle. Involved in transcriptional regulation of P21 in response to DNA damage. Required for FANCD2 targeting to sites of DNA damage. May function as a transcriptional regulator. Inhibits lipid synthesis by binding to inactive phosphorylated ACACA and preventing its dephosphorylation. Contributes to homologous recombination repair (HRR) via its direct interaction with PALB2, fine-tunes recombinational repair partly through its modulatory role in the PALB2-dependent loading of BRCA2-RAD51 repair machinery at DNA breaks. Component of the BRCA1-RBBP8 complex which regulates CHEK1 activation and controls cell cycle G2/M checkpoints on DNA damage via BRCA1-mediated ubiquitination of RBBP8. Acts as a transcriptional activator (PubMed:20160719).

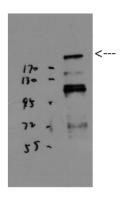
Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using BRCA1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 1000

Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using BRCA1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 1000





Western Blot analysis of JK using BRCA1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.