

# C9 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP68754

## Product Information

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Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P02748</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	63173

## Additional Information

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Gene ID	735
Other Names	C9; Complement component C9
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

## Protein Information

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Name	C9 {ECO:0000303   PubMed:4018030, ECO:0000312   HGNC:HGNC:1358}
Function	<p>Pore-forming component of the membrane attack complex (MAC), a multiprotein complex activated by the complement cascade, which inserts into a target cell membrane and forms a pore, leading to target cell membrane rupture and cell lysis (PubMed:<a href="#">22832194</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">26841837</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">26841934</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">27052168</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">30552328</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">6177822</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">9212048</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">9634479</a>). The MAC is initiated by proteolytic cleavage of C5 into complement C5b in response to the classical, alternative, lectin and GZMK complement pathways (PubMed:<a href="#">9212048</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">9634479</a>). The complement pathways consist in a cascade of proteins that leads to phagocytosis and breakdown of pathogens and signaling that strengthens the adaptive immune system (PubMed:<a href="#">9212048</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">9634479</a>). Constitutes the pore-forming subunit of the MAC complex: during MAC assembly, C9 associates with the C5b8 intermediate complex, and polymerizes to complete the pore (PubMed:<a href="#">26841934</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">30111885</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">30552328</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">34752492</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">4055801</a>, PubMed:<a href="#">6177822</a>).</p>
Cellular Location	Secreted. Target cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Secreted as soluble monomer (PubMed:26841934, PubMed:30111885,

PubMed:4055801, PubMed:9634479) Oligomerizes at target membranes, forming a pre-pore (PubMed:26841934, PubMed:30111885, PubMed:31061395, PubMed:4055801, PubMed:9634479). A conformation change then leads to the formation of a 100 Angstrom diameter pore (PubMed:26841934, PubMed:30111885, PubMed:31061395, PubMed:4055801, PubMed:9634479).

**Tissue Location** Plasma (at protein level).

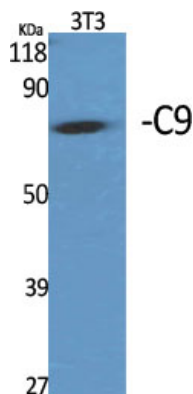
## Background

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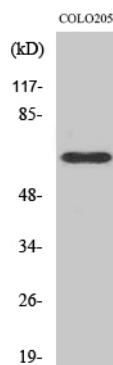
Constituent of the membrane attack complex (MAC) that plays a key role in the innate and adaptive immune response by forming pores in the plasma membrane of target cells (PubMed:[9634479](#), PubMed:[9212048](#), PubMed:[26841934](#)). C9 is the pore-forming subunit of the MAC (PubMed:[4055801](#), PubMed:[26841934](#), PubMed:[30111885](#)).

## Images

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Western Blot analysis of various cells using C9 Polyclonal Antibody



Western Blot analysis of COLO205 cells using C9 Polyclonal Antibody

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.