

# **CAS Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog # AP68824

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC-P, IF, IP

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Human
Host
Rabbit
Clonality
Polyclonal
Calculated MW
110417

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 1434

Other Names CSE1L; CAS; XPO2; Exportin-2; Exp2; Cellular apoptosis susceptibility protein;

Chromosome segregation 1-like protein; Importin-alpha re-exporter

**Dilution** WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunoprecipitation: 2-5 ug/mg lysate. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000.

ELISA: 1/40000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

IF~~1:50~200 IP~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

#### **Protein Information**

Name CSE1L

**Synonyms** CAS {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:7479798}, XPO2

**Function** Export receptor for importin-alpha. Mediates importin-alpha re-export from

the nucleus to the cytoplasm after import substrates (cargos) have been released into the nucleoplasm. In the nucleus binds cooperatively to importin-alpha and to the GTPase Ran in its active GTP-bound form. Docking of this trimeric complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) is mediated through binding to nucleoporins. Upon transit of a nuclear export complex into the cytoplasm, disassembling of the complex and hydrolysis of Ran-GTP to Ran-GDP (induced by RANBP1 and RANGAP1, respectively) cause release of the importin-alpha from the export receptor. CSE1L/XPO2 then return to the

nuclear compartment and mediate another round of transport. The

directionality of nuclear export is thought to be conferred by an asymmetric distribution of the GTP- and GDP-bound forms of Ran between the cytoplasm

and nucleus.

**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm.

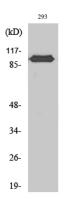
**Tissue Location** 

Detected in brain, placenta, ovary, testis and trachea (at protein level) (PubMed:10331944). Widely expressed (PubMed:10331944). Highly expressed in testis and in proliferating cells (PubMed:10331944, PubMed:7479798).

## **Background**

Export receptor for importin-alpha. Mediates importin- alpha re-export from the nucleus to the cytoplasm after import substrates (cargos) have been released into the nucleoplasm. In the nucleus binds cooperatively to importin-alpha and to the GTPase Ran in its active GTP-bound form. Docking of this trimeric complex to the nuclear pore complex (NPC) is mediated through binding to nucleoporins. Upon transit of a nuclear export complex into the cytoplasm, disassembling of the complex and hydrolysis of Ran-GTP to Ran-GDP (induced by RANBP1 and RANGAP1, respectively) cause release of the importin-alpha from the export receptor. CSE1L/XPO2 then return to the nuclear compartment and mediate another round of transport. The directionality of nuclear export is thought to be conferred by an asymmetric distribution of the GTP- and GDP-bound forms of Ran between the cytoplasm and nucleus.

### **Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using CAS Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1: 2000

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.