

# Cbl Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP68875

## Product Information

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Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P22681</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	99633

## Additional Information

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Gene ID	867
Other Names	CBL; CBL2; RNF55; E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase CBL; Casitas B-lineage lymphoma proto-oncogene; Proto-oncogene c-Cbl; RING finger protein 55; Signal transduction protein CBL
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

## Protein Information

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Name	CBL
Synonyms	CBL2, RNF55
Function	E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that acts as a negative regulator of many signaling pathways by mediating ubiquitination of cell surface receptors (PubMed: <a href="#">10514377</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">11896602</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">14661060</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">14739300</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">15190072</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">17509076</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">18374639</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">19689429</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">21596750</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">28381567</a> ). Accepts ubiquitin from specific E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, and then transfers it to substrates promoting their degradation by the proteasome (PubMed: <a href="#">10514377</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">14661060</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">14739300</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">17094949</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">17509076</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">17974561</a> ). Recognizes activated receptor tyrosine kinases, including KIT, FLT1, FGFR1, FGFR2, PDGFRA, PDGFRB, CSF1R, EPHA8 and KDR and mediates their ubiquitination to terminate signaling (PubMed: <a href="#">15190072</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">18374639</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">21596750</a> ). Recognizes membrane-bound HCK, SRC and other kinases of the SRC family and mediates their ubiquitination and degradation

(PubMed:[11896602](#)). Ubiquitinates EGFR and SPRY2 (PubMed:[17094949](#), PubMed:[17974561](#)). Ubiquitinates NECTIN1 following association between NECTIN1 and herpes simplex virus 1/HHV-1 envelope glycoprotein D, leading to NECTIN1 removal from cell surface (PubMed:[28381567](#)). Participates in signal transduction in hematopoietic cells. Plays an important role in the regulation of osteoblast differentiation and apoptosis (PubMed:[15190072](#), PubMed:[18374639](#)). Essential for osteoclastic bone resorption (PubMed:[14739300](#)). The 'Tyr-731' phosphorylated form induces the activation and recruitment of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase to the cell membrane in a signaling pathway that is critical for osteoclast function (PubMed:[14739300](#)). May be functionally coupled with the E2 ubiquitin-protein ligase UB2D3. In association with CBLB, required for proper feedback inhibition of ciliary platelet-derived growth factor receptor-alpha (PDGFRA) signaling pathway via ubiquitination and internalization of PDGFRA (By similarity).

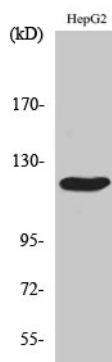
## Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Cell projection, cilium. Golgi apparatus.  
Note=Colocalizes with FGFR2 in lipid rafts at the cell membrane

## Background

Adapter protein that functions as a negative regulator of many signaling pathways that are triggered by activation of cell surface receptors. Acts as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase, which accepts ubiquitin from specific E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, and then transfers it to substrates promoting their degradation by the proteasome. Recognizes activated receptor tyrosine kinases, including KIT, FLT1, FGFR1, FGFR2, PDGFRA, PDGFRB, EGFR, CSF1R, EPHA8 and KDR and terminates signaling. Recognizes membrane-bound HCK, SRC and other kinases of the SRC family and mediates their ubiquitination and degradation. Participates in signal transduction in hematopoietic cells. Plays an important role in the regulation of osteoblast differentiation and apoptosis. Essential for osteoclastic bone resorption. The 'Tyr-731' phosphorylated form induces the activation and recruitment of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase to the cell membrane in a signaling pathway that is critical for osteoclast function. May be functionally coupled with the E2 ubiquitin-protein ligase UB2D3. In association with CBLB, required for proper feedback inhibition of ciliary platelet-derived growth factor receptor- alpha (PDGFRA) signaling pathway via ubiquitination and internalization of PDGFRA (By similarity).

## Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Cbl Polyclonal Antibody

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.