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SRP72 Antibody (Center)

Affinity Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP6916c

Product Information

Application	WB, FC, IHC-P, IF, E
Primary Accession	O76094
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse, Rat, Bovine, Canine, Rabbit, Chicken
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Clone Names	RB21267
Calculated MW	74606
Antigen Region	119-148

Additional Information

Gene ID	6731
Other Names	Signal recognition particle subunit SRP72, SRP72, Signal recognition particle 72 kDa protein, SRP72
Target/Specificity	This SRP72 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 119-148 amino acids from the Central region of human SRP72.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:10~50 IHC-P~~1:100~500 IF~~1:10~50 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.05% (V/V) Proclin 300. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	SRP72 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SRP72
Function	Component of the signal recognition particle (SRP) complex, a ribonucleoprotein complex that mediates the cotranslational targeting of

secretory and membrane proteins to the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) (PubMed:34020957). The SRP complex interacts with the signal sequence in nascent secretory and membrane proteins and directs them to the membrane of the ER (PubMed:34020957). The SRP complex targets the ribosome-nascent chain complex to the SRP receptor (SR), which is anchored in the ER, where SR compaction and GTPase rearrangement drive cotranslational protein translocation into the ER (PubMed:34020957). Binds the signal recognition particle RNA (7SL RNA) in presence of SRP68 (PubMed:21073748, PubMed:27899666). Can bind 7SL RNA with low affinity (PubMed:21073748, PubMed:27899666). The SRP complex possibly participates in the elongation arrest function (By similarity).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Endoplasmic reticulum

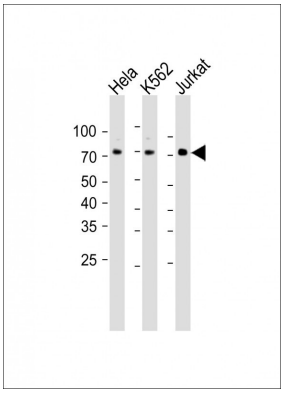
Background

Signal-recognition-particle assembly has a crucial role in targeting secretory proteins to the rough endoplasmic reticulum membrane. It binds the 7S RNA only in presence of SRP68. This ribonucleoprotein complex might interact directly with the docking protein in the ER membrane and possibly participate in the elongation arrest function.

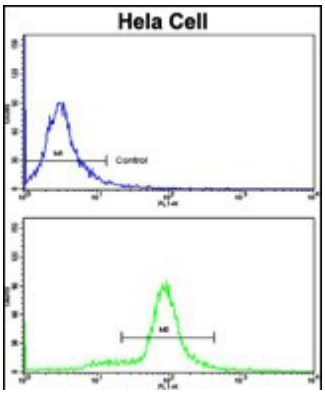
References

Utz,P.J., et.al., J. Biol. Chem. 273 (52), 35362-35370 (1998)

Images

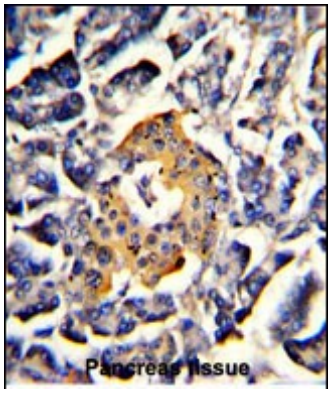


All lanes: Anti-SRP72 Antibody (Center) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 2: K562 whole cell lysate Lane 3: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary: Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated (ASP1615) at 1/15000 dilution. Observed band size: 75 KDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

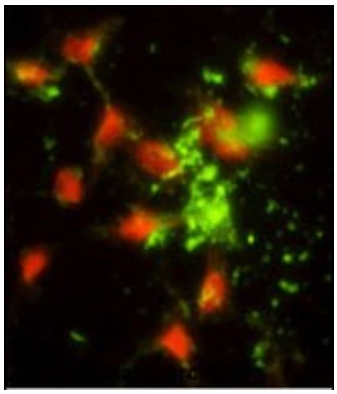


Flow cytometric analysis of hela cells using SRP72 Antibody (Center)(bottom histogram) compared to a negative control cell (top histogram). FITC-conjugated goat-anti-rabbit secondary antibodies were used for the analysis.

Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human pancreas with SRP72 Antibody (Center), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use



of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.



Immunofluorescence analysis of SRP72 Antibody (Center) with hela cells . 0.025 mg/ml primary antibody was followed by FITC-conjugated goat anti-rabbit lgG (whole molecule). FITC emits green fluorescence.Red counterstaining is PI.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.