

CYP1A1/2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP69374

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	P04798 , P05177
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	58165

Additional Information

Gene ID	1543
Other Names	CYP1A1; Cytochrome P450 1A1; CYPIA1; Cytochrome P450 form 6; Cytochrome P450-C; Cytochrome P450-P1; CYP1A2; Cytochrome P450 1A2; CYPIA2; Cytochrome P(3)450; Cytochrome P450 4; Cytochrome P450-P3
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IF~~1:50~200 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	CYP1A1 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:10681376, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:2595}
Function	A cytochrome P450 monooxygenase involved in the metabolism of various endogenous substrates, including fatty acids, steroid hormones and vitamins (PubMed: 10681376 , PubMed: 11555828 , PubMed: 12865317 , PubMed: 14559847 , PubMed: 15041462 , PubMed: 15805301 , PubMed: 18577768 , PubMed: 19965576 , PubMed: 20972997). Mechanistically, uses molecular oxygen inserting one oxygen atom into a substrate, and reducing the second into a water molecule, with two electrons provided by NADPH via cytochrome P450 reductase (NADPH--hemoprotein reductase) (PubMed: 10681376 , PubMed: 11555828 , PubMed: 12865317 , PubMed: 14559847 , PubMed: 15041462 , PubMed: 15805301 , PubMed: 18577768 , PubMed: 19965576 , PubMed: 20972997). Catalyzes the hydroxylation of carbon-hydrogen bonds. Exhibits high catalytic activity for

the formation of hydroxysterogens from estrone (E1) and 17 β -estradiol (E2), namely 2-hydroxy E1 and E2, as well as D-ring hydroxylated E1 and E2 at the C15- α and C16- α positions (PubMed:[11555828](#), PubMed:[12865317](#), PubMed:[14559847](#), PubMed:[15805301](#)). Displays different regioselectivities for polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFA) hydroxylation (PubMed:[15041462](#), PubMed:[18577768](#)). Catalyzes the epoxidation of double bonds of certain PUFA (PubMed:[15041462](#), PubMed:[19965576](#), PubMed:[20972997](#)). Converts arachidonic acid toward epoxyeicosatrienoic acid (EET) regioisomers, 8,9-, 11,12-, and 14,15-EET, that function as lipid mediators in the vascular system (PubMed:[20972997](#)). Displays an absolute stereoselectivity in the epoxidation of eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) producing the 17(R),18(S) enantiomer (PubMed:[15041462](#)). May play an important role in all-trans retinoic acid biosynthesis in extrahepatic tissues. Catalyzes two successive oxidative transformation of all-trans retinol to all-trans retinal and then to the active form all-trans retinoic acid (PubMed:[10681376](#)). May also participate in eicosanoids metabolism by converting hydroperoxide species into oxo metabolites (lipoxygenase-like reaction, NADPH-independent) (PubMed:[21068195](#)).

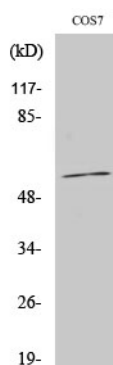
Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}; Mitochondrion inner membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}. Microsome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}

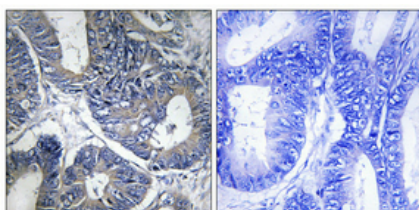
Tissue Location

Lung, lymphocytes and placenta.

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using CYP1A1/2 Polyclonal Antibody



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4°,overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negative contrl (right) obtained from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.