

DD2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP69488

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	<u>P52895</u>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	36735

Additional Information

Gene ID	1646
Other Names	AKR1C2; DDH2; Aldo-keto reductase family 1 member C2; 3-alpha-HSD3; Chlordecone reductase homolog HAKRD; Dihydrodiol dehydrogenase 2; DD-2; DD2; Dihydrodiol dehydrogenase/bile acid-binding protein; DD/BABP; Trans-1; 2-dihydrobenzene-1, 2-diol
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	AKR1C2
Synonyms	DDH2
Function	Cytosolic aldo-keto reductase that catalyzes the NADH and NADPH-dependent reduction of ketosteroids to hydroxysteroids (PubMed:19218247). Most probably acts as a reductase in vivo since the oxidase activity measured in vitro is inhibited by physiological concentrations of NADPH (PubMed:14672942). Displays a broad positional specificity acting on positions 3, 17 and 20 of steroids and regulates the metabolism of hormones like estrogens and androgens (PubMed:10998348). Works in concert with the 5-alpha/5-beta-steroid reductases to convert steroid hormones into the 3-alpha/5-alpha and 3- alpha/5-beta-tetrahydrosteroids. Catalyzes the inactivation of the most potent androgen 5-alpha-dihydrotestosterone (5-alpha-DHT) to 5-alpha- androstane-3-alpha,17-beta-diol (3-alpha-diol) (PubMed:15929998, PubMed:17034817, PubMed:17442338, PubMed:8573067). Also specifically

	able to produce 17beta-hydroxy-5alpha-androstan-3-one/5alphaDHT (PubMed: <u>10998348</u>). May also reduce conjugated steroids such as 5alpha- dihydrotestosterone sulfate (PubMed: <u>19218247</u>). Displays affinity for bile acids (PubMed: <u>8486699</u>).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm, cytosol.
Tissue Location	Expressed in fetal testes. Expressed in fetal and adult adrenal glands.

Background

Works in concert with the 5-alpha/5-beta-steroid reductases to convert steroid hormones into the 3-alpha/5-alpha and 3-alpha/5-beta-tetrahydrosteroids. Catalyzes the inactivation of the most potent androgen 5-alpha-dihydrotestosterone (5-alpha- DHT) to 5-alpha-androstane-3-alpha,17-beta-diol (3-alpha-diol). Has a high bile-binding ability.

Images



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