10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G San Diego, CA 92121 Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999



# DNA Ligase IV Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP69550

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC-P, IF P49917 **Primary Accession** Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality **Polyclonal** Calculated MW 103971

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 3981

**Other Names** LIG4; DNA ligase 4; DNA ligase IV; Polydeoxyribonucleotide synthase [ATP] 4

**Dilution** WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other

applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium **Format** 

azide.

**Storage Conditions** -20°C

#### **Protein Information**

LIG4 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:16357942, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:6601} Name

**Function** DNA ligase involved in DNA non-homologous end joining (NHEJ); required

for double-strand break (DSB) repair and V(D)J recombination

(PubMed: 12517771, PubMed: 17290226, PubMed: 23523427,

PubMed:<u>29980672</u>, PubMed:<u>33586762</u>, PubMed:<u>8798671</u>, PubMed:<u>9242410</u>, PubMed: 9809069). Catalyzes the NHEJ ligation step of the broken DNA during DSB repair by resealing the DNA breaks after the gap filling is completed (PubMed:12517771, PubMed:17290226, PubMed:9242410, PubMed:9809069). Joins single-strand breaks in a double-stranded polydeoxynucleotide in an

ATP-dependent reaction (PubMed:12517771, PubMed:17290226,

PubMed: 9242410, PubMed: 9809069). LIG4 is mechanistically flexible: it can ligate nicks as well as compatible DNA overhangs alone, while in the presence of XRCC4, it can ligate ends with 2-nucleotides (nt) microhomology and 1-nt gaps (PubMed: 17290226). Forms a subcomplex with XRCC4; the LIG4-XRCC4 subcomplex is responsible for the NHEI ligation step and XRCC4 enhances the joining activity of LIG4 (PubMed: 9242410, PubMed: 9809069). Binding of the LIG4-XRCC4 complex to DNA ends is dependent on the assembly of the DNA-dependent protein kinase complex DNA-PK to these DNA ends

(PubMed: 10854421). LIG4 regulates nuclear localization of XRCC4

(PubMed:<u>24984242</u>).

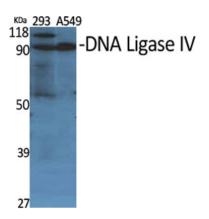
Cellular Location Nucleus

**Tissue Location** Testis, thymus, prostate and heart.

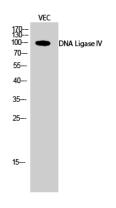
## **Background**

Efficiently joins single-strand breaks in a double- stranded polydeoxynucleotide in an ATP-dependent reaction. Involved in DNA non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) required for double-strand break repair and V(D)J recombination. The LIG4-XRCC4 complex is responsible for the NHEJ ligation step, and XRCC4 enhances the joining activity of LIG4. Binding of the LIG4-XRCC4 complex to DNA ends is dependent on the assembly of the DNA- dependent protein kinase complex DNA-PK to these DNA ends.

## **Images**



Western Blot analysis of various cells using DNA Ligase IV Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500



Western Blot analysis of VEC cells using DNA Ligase IV Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.