

# **Dok-1 Polyclonal Antibody**

Catalog # AP69576

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC-P, IF **Primary Accession** Q99704

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW52392

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 1796

Other Names DOK1; Docking protein 1; Downstream of tyrosine kinase 1; p62(dok); pp62

**Dilution** WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other

applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

#### **Protein Information**

Name DOK1

**Function** DOK proteins are enzymatically inert adaptor or scaffolding proteins. They

provide a docking platform for the assembly of multimolecular signaling complexes. DOK1 appears to be a negative regulator of the insulin signaling pathway. Modulates integrin activation by competing with talin for the same

binding site on ITGB3.

**Cellular Location** [Isoform 1]: Cytoplasm. Nucleus.

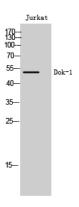
**Tissue Location** Expressed in pancreas, heart, leukocyte and spleen. Expressed in both resting

and activated peripheral blood T-cells Expressed in breast cancer.

### **Background**

DOK proteins are enzymatically inert adaptor or scaffolding proteins. They provide a docking platform for the assembly of multimolecular signaling complexes. DOK1 appears to be a negative regulator of the insulin signaling pathway. Modulates integrin activation by competing with talin for the same binding site on

## **Images**



Western Blot analysis of Jurkat cells using Dok-1 Polyclonal Antibody

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