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eIF5A2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP69703

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q9GZV4
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	16793

Additional Information

Gene ID	56648
Other Names	EIF5A2; Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 5A-2; eIF-5A-2; eIF-5A2; Eukaryotic initiation factor 5A isoform 2
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. E~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20℃

Protein Information

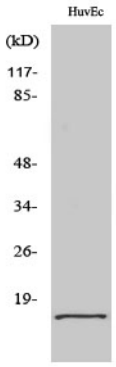
Name	EIF5A2
Function	Translation factor that promotes translation elongation and termination, particularly upon ribosome stalling at specific amino acid sequence contexts (PubMed:14622290). Binds between the exit (E) and peptidyl (P) site of the ribosome and promotes rescue of stalled ribosome: specifically required for efficient translation of polyproline-containing peptides as well as other motifs that stall the ribosome. Acts as a ribosome quality control (RQC) cofactor by joining the RQC complex to facilitate peptidyl transfer during CAT tailing step (By similarity). Also involved in actin dynamics and cell cycle progression, mRNA decay and probably in a pathway involved in stress response and maintenance of cell wall integrity (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63241}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63241}. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63241}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63241}; Cytoplasmic side {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63241}. Note=Hypusine modification promotes the nuclear export and cytoplasmic localization and there was a dynamic shift

	in the localization from predominantly cytoplasmic to primarily nuclear under apoptotic inducing conditions {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63241}
Tissue Location	Expressed in ovarian and colorectal cancer cell lines (at protein level). Highly expressed in testis. Overexpressed in some cancer cells.

Background

mRNA-binding protein involved in translation elongation. Has an important function at the level of mRNA turnover, probably acting downstream of decapping. Involved in actin dynamics and cell cycle progression, mRNA decay and probably in a pathway involved in stress response and maintenance of cell wall integrity. Functions as a regulator of apoptosis. Mediates effects of polyamines on neuronal process extension and survival. May play an important role in brain development and function, and in skeletal muscle stem cell differentiation (By similarity).

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using eIF5A2 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1：1000

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.