

EphA1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP69756

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF
Primary Accession	P21709
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	108127

Additional Information

Gene ID	2041
Other Names	EPHA1; EPH; EPHT; EPHT1; Ephrin type-A receptor 1; hEpha1; EPH tyrosine kinase; EPH tyrosine kinase 1; Erythropoietin-producing hepatoma receptor; Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor EPH
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

Protein Information

Name	EPHA1
Synonyms	EPH, EPHT, EPHT1
Function	Receptor tyrosine kinase which binds promiscuously membrane- bound ephrin-A family ligands residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The signaling pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as reverse signaling. Binds with a low affinity EFNA3 and EFNA4 and with a high affinity to EFNA1 which most probably constitutes its cognate/functional ligand. Upon activation by EFNA1 induces cell attachment to the extracellular matrix inhibiting cell spreading and motility through regulation of ILK and downstream RHOA and RAC. Also plays a role in angiogenesis and regulates cell proliferation. May play a role in apoptosis.
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location

Overexpressed in several carcinomas.

Background

Receptor tyrosine kinase which binds promiscuously membrane-bound ephrin-A family ligands residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The signaling pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as reverse signaling. Binds with a low affinity EFNA3 and EFNA4 and with a high affinity to EFNA1 which most probably constitutes its cognate/functional ligand. Upon activation by EFNA1 induces cell attachment to the extracellular matrix inhibiting cell spreading and motility through regulation of ILK and downstream RHOA and RAC. Plays also a role in angiogenesis and regulates cell proliferation. May play a role in apoptosis.

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using EphA1 Polyclonal Antibody

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