

# PKC zeta Antibody (N-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7028a

## **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC-P, E **Primary Accession** Q05513 Reactivity Human Host Rabbit Clonality Polyclonal Isotype Rabbit IgG **Calculated MW** 67660 **Antigen Region** 166-197

# **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 5590

Other Names Protein kinase C zeta type, nPKC-zeta, PRKCZ, PKC2

Target/Specificity

This PKC zeta antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 166-197 amino acids from the

N-terminal region of human PKC zeta.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis

against PBS.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** PKC zeta Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **Protein Information**

Name PRKCZ

Synonyms PKC2

**Function** Calcium- and diacylglycerol-independent serine/threonine- protein kinase

that functions in phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K) pathway and mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase cascade, and is involved in NF-kappa-B activation, mitogenic signaling, cell proliferation, cell polarity,

inflammatory response and maintenance of long-term potentiation (LTP). Upon lipopolysaccharide (LPS) treatment in macrophages, or following mitogenic stimuli, functions downstream of PI3K to activate MAP2K1/MEK1-MAPK1/ERK2 signaling cascade independently of RAF1 activation. Required for insulin-dependent activation of AKT3, but may function as an adapter rather than a direct activator. Upon insulin treatment may act as a downstream effector of PI3K and contribute to the activation of translocation of the glucose transporter SLC2A4/GLUT4 and subsequent glucose transport in adipocytes. In EGF-induced cells, binds and activates MAP2K5/MEK5- MAPK7/ERK5 independently of its kinase activity and can activate JUN promoter through MEF2C. Through binding with SQSTM1/p62, functions in interleukin-1 signaling and activation of NF-kappa-B with the specific adapters RIPK1 and TRAF6. Participates in TNF-dependent transactivation of NF-kappa-B by phosphorylating and activating IKBKB kinase, which in turn leads to the degradation of NF-kappa-B inhibitors. In migrating astrocytes, forms a cytoplasmic complex with PARD6A and is recruited by CDC42 to function in the establishment of cell polarity along with the microtubule motor and dynein. In association with FEZ1, stimulates neuronal differentiation in PC12 cells. In the inflammatory response, is required for the T-helper 2 (Th2) differentiation process, including interleukin production, efficient activation of JAK1 and the subsequent phosphorylation and nuclear translocation of STAT6. May be involved in development of allergic airway inflammation (asthma), a process dependent on Th2 immune response. In the NF-kappa-B-mediated inflammatory response, can relieve SETD6-dependent repression of NF- kappa-B target genes by phosphorylating the RELA subunit at 'Ser-311'. Phosphorylates VAMP2 in vitro (PubMed: 17313651). Phosphorylates and activates LRRK1, which phosphorylates RAB proteins involved in intracellular trafficking (PubMed:36040231).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Endosome Cell junction. Membrane {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P09217}; Peripheral membrane protein. Note=In the retina, localizes in the terminals of the rod bipolar cells (By similarity). Associates with endosomes (PubMed:9566925). Presence of KRIT1, CDH5 and RAP1B is required for its localization to the cell junction (PubMed:7597083). Colocalizes with VAMP2 and WDFY2 in intracellular vesicles (PubMed:17313651) Transiently translocates to the membrane of CA1 hippocampal cells in response to the induction of long term potentiation (By similarity) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:P09217, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:17313651, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:7597083, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:9566925}

**Tissue Location** 

Expressed in brain, and to a lesser extent in lung, kidney and testis

# **Background**

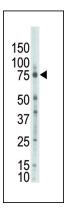
Protein kinase C (PKC) zeta is a member of the PKC family of serine/threonine kinases which are involved in a variety of cellular processes such as proliferation, differentiation and secretion. Unlike the classical PKC isoenzymes which are calcium-dependent, PKC zeta exhibits a constitutive kinase activity which is independent of calcium, and PKC activators, phosphatidylserine and diacylglycerol. Furthermore, it is insensitive to PKC inhibitors and cannot be activated by phorbol ester. The structural and biochemical properties indicate that the zeta subspecies is related to, but distinct from other isoenzymes of PKC.

## References

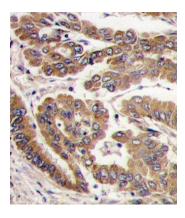
Li, Y.F., et al., World J. Gastroenterol. 9(9):2078-2082 (2003). Minami, T., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 278(9):6976-6984 (2003). Beeson, M., et al., Diabetes 52(8):1926-1934 (2003).

Laudanna, C., et al., Lab. Invest. 83(8):1155-1163 (2003). Dada, L.A., et al., J. Clin. Invest. 111(7):1057-1064 (2003).

# **Images**



Western blot analysis of anti-PKCzeta Pab (Cat. #AP7028a) in placenta lysate. PKCzeta (arrow) was detected using purified Pab. Secondary HRP-anti-rabbit was used for signal visualization with chemiluminescence.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma tissue reacted with PKC zeta antibody (N-term), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

# **Citations**

• Regulation of TNF-alpha-activated PKC-zeta signaling by the human biliverdin reductase: identification of activating and inhibitory domains of the reductase.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.