

HDAC8 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP70303

Product Information

Application WB. IHC-P Q9BY41 **Primary Accession**

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey

Host **Polyclonal** Clonality **Calculated MW** 41758

Additional Information

Gene ID 55869

Other Names HDAC8; HDACL1; CDA07; Histone deacetylase 8; HD8

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

HDAC8 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:10926844, Name

ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:13315}

Function Histone deacetylase that catalyzes the deacetylation of lysine residues on

the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4)

(PubMed: 10748112, PubMed: 10922473, PubMed: 10926844,

PubMed: 14701748, PubMed: 28497810). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for

epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional

regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events (PubMed: 10748112, PubMed: 10922473, PubMed: 10926844,

PubMed: 14701748). Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large

multiprotein complexes (PubMed:10748112, PubMed:10922473,

PubMed: 10926844, PubMed: 14701748). Also involved in the deacetylation of cohesin complex protein SMC3 regulating release of cohesin complexes from chromatin (PubMed:22885700). May play a role in smooth muscle cell contractility (PubMed: 15772115). In addition to protein deacetylase activity, also has protein-lysine deacylase activity; acts as a protein decrotonylase by mediating decrotonylation ((2E)-butenoyl) of histones (PubMed:28497810).

Cellular Location Nucleus. Chromosome Cytoplasm Note=Excluded from the nucleoli (PubMed:10748112). Found in the cytoplasm of cells showing smooth muscle differentiation (PubMed:15772115, PubMed:16538051).

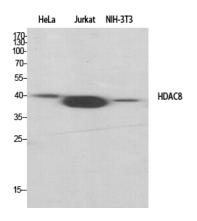
Tissue Location

Weakly expressed in most tissues. Expressed at higher level in heart, brain, kidney and pancreas and also in liver, lung, placenta, prostate and kidney.

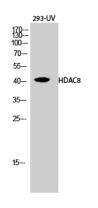
Background

Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation of large multiprotein complexes. Also involved in the deacetylation of cohesin complex protein SMC3 regulating release of cohesin complexes from chromatin. May play a role in smooth muscle cell contractility.

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using HDAC8 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1 : 1000



Western Blot analysis of 293-UV cells using HDAC8 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1 : 1000

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.