10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G San Diego, CA 92121 Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999



IRF-3 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP70581

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P Primary Accession 014653

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW47219

Additional Information

Gene ID 3661

Other Names IRF3; Interferon regulatory factor 3; IRF-3

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name IRF3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:9803267, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:6118}

Function Key transcriptional regulator of type I interferon (IFN)- dependent immune

responses which plays a critical role in the innate immune response against

DNA and RNA viruses (PubMed:<u>22394562</u>, PubMed:<u>24049179</u>,

PubMed:<u>25636800</u>, PubMed:<u>27302953</u>, PubMed:<u>31340999</u>,

 $PubMed: \underline{36603579}, PubMed: \underline{8524823}). \ Regulates the transcription of type I \\ IFN genes (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) and IFN-stimulated genes (ISG) by binding$

to an interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) in their promoters

(PubMed:<u>11846977</u>, PubMed:<u>16846591</u>, PubMed:<u>16979567</u>, PubMed:<u>20049431</u>, PubMed:<u>32972995</u>, PubMed:<u>36603579</u>,

PubMed:<u>8524823</u>). Acts as a more potent activator of the IFN-beta (IFNB) gene than the IFN-alpha (IFNA) gene and plays a critical role in both the early

and late phases of the IFNA/B gene induction (PubMed: 16846591,

PubMed:<u>16979567</u>, PubMed:<u>20049431</u>, PubMed:<u>36603579</u>). Found in an inactive form in the cytoplasm of uninfected cells and following viral infection,

double-stranded RNA (dsRNA), or toll-like receptor (TLR) signaling, is

phosphorylated by IKBKE and TBK1 kinases (PubMed:<u>22394562</u>, PubMed:<u>25636800</u>, PubMed:<u>27302953</u>, PubMed:<u>36603579</u>). This induces a

conformational change, leading to its dimerization and nuclear localization

and association with CREB binding protein (CREBBP) to form dsRNA-activated factor 1 (DRAF1), a complex which activates the transcription of the type I IFN and ISG genes (PubMed:16154084, PubMed:27302953, PubMed:33440148, PubMed:36603579). Can activate distinct gene expression programs in macrophages and can induce significant apoptosis in primary macrophages (PubMed:16846591). In response to Sendai virus infection, is recruited by TOMM70:HSP90AA1 to mitochondrion and forms an apoptosis complex TOMM70:HSP90AA1:IRF3:BAX inducing apoptosis (PubMed:25609812). Key transcription factor regulating the IFN response during SARS-CoV-2 infection (PubMed:33440148).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus Mitochondrion. Note=Shuttles between cytoplasmic and nuclear compartments, with export being the prevailing effect (PubMed:10805757, PubMed:35922005). When activated, IRF3 interaction with CREBBP prevents its export to the cytoplasm (PubMed:10805757). Recruited to mitochondria via TOMM70:HSP90AA1 upon Sendai virus infection (PubMed:25609812).

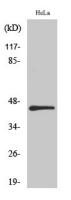
Tissue Location

Expressed constitutively in a variety of tissues.

Background

Key transcriptional regulator of type I interferon (IFN)-dependent immune responses which plays a critical role in the innate immune response against DNA and RNA viruses. Regulates the transcription of type I IFN genes (IFN-alpha and IFN-beta) and IFN-stimulated genes (ISG) by binding to an interferon-stimulated response element (ISRE) in their promoters. Acts as a more potent activator of the IFN-beta (IFNB) gene than the IFN-alpha (IFNA) gene and plays a critical role in both the early and late phases of the IFNA/B gene induction. Found in an inactive form in the cytoplasm of uninfected cells and following viral infection, double-stranded RNA (dsRNA), or toll-like receptor (TLR) signaling, is phosphorylated by IKBKE and TBK1 kinases. This induces a conformational change, leading to its dimerization and nuclear localization and association with CREB binding protein (CREBBP) to form dsRNA-activated factor 1 (DRAF1), a complex which activates the transcription of the type I IFN and ISG genes. Can activate distinct gene expression programs in macrophages and can induce significant apoptosis in primary macrophages.

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using IRF-3 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.