

IκB-α Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP70603

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P, IF **Primary Accession** P25963

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW35609

Additional Information

Gene ID 4792

Other Names NFKBIA; IKBA; MAD3; NFKBI; NF-kappa-B inhibitor alpha; I-kappa-B-alpha;

IkB-alpha; IkappaBalpha; Major histocompatibility complex enhancer-binding

protein MAD3

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other

applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name NFKBIA

Synonyms IKBA, MAD3, NFKBI

Function Inhibits the activity of dimeric NF-kappa-B/REL complexes by trapping REL

(RELA/p65 and NFKB1/p50) dimers in the cytoplasm by masking their nuclear localization signals (PubMed: 1493333, PubMed: 36651806, PubMed: 7479976).

On cellular stimulation by immune and pro-inflammatory responses,

becomes phosphorylated promoting ubiquitination and degradation, enabling the dimeric RELA to translocate to the nucleus and activate transcription (PubMed:7479976, PubMed:7628694, PubMed:798813, PubMed:7878466).

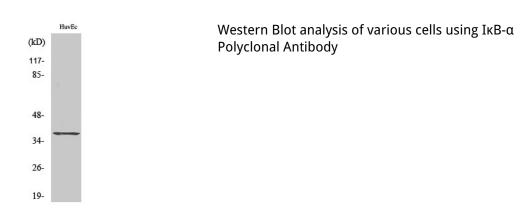
Cellular Location Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm

by a nuclear localization signal (NLS) and a CRM1-dependent nuclear export.

Background

Inhibits the activity of dimeric NF-kappa-B/REL complexes by trapping REL dimers in the cytoplasm through masking of their nuclear localization signals. On cellular stimulation by immune and proinflammatory responses, becomes phosphorylated promoting ubiquitination and degradation, enabling the dimeric RELA to translocate to the nucleus and activate transcription.

Images



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