

MLKL Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP70971

Product Information

Application WB **O8NB16 Primary Accession** Reactivity Human Host Rabbit **Polyclonal** Clonality Calculated MW 54479

Additional Information

Gene ID 197259

Other Names MLKL; Mixed lineage kinase domain-like protein

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other

applications.

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

MLKL {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:22265413, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:26617} Name

Function Pseudokinase that plays a key role in TNF-induced necroptosis, a

programmed cell death process (PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:24316671). Does not have protein kinase activity

(PubMed: 22265413, PubMed: 22265414, PubMed: 22421439,

PubMed: <u>24316671</u>). Activated following phosphorylation by RIPK3, leading to homotrimerization, localization to the plasma membrane and execution of programmed necrosis characterized by calcium influx and plasma membrane

damage (PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439,

PubMed: <u>24316671</u>). In addition to TNF-induced necroptosis, necroptosis can also take place in the nucleus in response to orthomyxoviruses infection: following activation by ZBP1, MLKL is phosphorylated by RIPK3 in the nucleus, triggering disruption of the nuclear envelope and leakage of cellular DNA into the cytosol.following ZBP1 activation, which senses double-stranded Z-RNA structures, nuclear RIPK3 catalyzes phosphorylation and activation of MLKL, promoting disruption of the nuclear envelope and leakage of cellular DNA into the cytosol (By similarity). Binds to highly phosphorylated inositol phosphates such as inositolhexakisphosphate (InsP6) which is essential for its necroptotic function (PubMed:29883610).

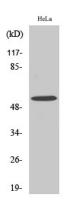
Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Cell membrane Nucleus {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9D2Y4}. Note=Localizes to the cytoplasm and translocates to the plasma membrane on necroptosis induction (PubMed:24316671). Localizes to the nucleus in response to orthomyxoviruses infection (By similarity) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9D2Y4, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:24316671}

Background

Pseudokinase that plays a key role in TNF-induced necroptosis, a programmed cell death process. Activated following phosphorylation by RIPK3, leading to homotrimerization, localization to the plasma membrane and execution of programmed necrosis characterized by calcium influx and plasma membrane damage. Does not have protein kinase activity (PubMed:22265413, PubMed:22265414, PubMed:22421439, PubMed:24316671). Binds to highly phosphorylated inositol phosphates such as inositolhexakisphosphate (InsP6) which is essential for its necroptotic function (PubMed:29883610).

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using MLKL Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:500

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