

# MRE11 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP71012

## Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P49959</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Monkey
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	80593

## Additional Information

Gene ID	4361
Other Names	MRE11A; HNGS1; MRE11; Double-strand break repair protein MRE11A; Meiotic recombination 11 homolog 1; MRE11 homolog 1; Meiotic recombination 11 homolog A; MRE11 homolog A
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

## Protein Information

Name	MRE11 {ECO:0000303   PubMed:8530104, ECO:0000312   HGNC:HGNC:7230}
Function	Core component of the MRN complex, which plays a central role in double-strand break (DSB) repair, DNA recombination, maintenance of telomere integrity and meiosis (PubMed: <a href="#">11741547</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">14657032</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">22078559</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">23080121</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">24316220</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">26240375</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">27889449</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">28867292</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">29670289</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">30464262</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">30612738</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">31353207</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">37696958</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">38128537</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9590181</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9651580</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">9705271</a> ). The MRN complex is involved in the repair of DNA double-strand breaks (DSBs) via homologous recombination (HR), an error-free mechanism which primarily occurs during S and G2 phases (PubMed: <a href="#">24316220</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">28867292</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">31353207</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">38128537</a> ). The complex (1) mediates the end resection of damaged DNA, which generates proper single-stranded DNA, a key initial steps in HR, and is (2) required for the recruitment of other repair factors and efficient

activation of ATM and ATR upon DNA damage (PubMed:[24316220](#), PubMed:[27889449](#), PubMed:[28867292](#), PubMed:[36050397](#), PubMed:[38128537](#)). Within the MRN complex, MRE11 possesses both single-strand endonuclease activity and double-strand- specific 3'-5' exonuclease activity (PubMed:[11741547](#), PubMed:[22078559](#), PubMed:[24316220](#), PubMed:[26240375](#), PubMed:[27889449](#), PubMed:[29670289](#), PubMed:[31353207](#), PubMed:[36563124](#), PubMed:[9590181](#), PubMed:[9651580](#), PubMed:[9705271](#)). After DSBs, MRE11 is loaded onto DSBs sites and cleaves DNA by cooperating with RBBP8/CtIP to initiate end resection (PubMed:[27814491](#), PubMed:[27889449](#), PubMed:[30787182](#)). MRE11 first endonucleolytically cleaves the 5' strand at DNA DSB ends to prevent non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) and licence HR (PubMed:[24316220](#)). It then generates a single-stranded DNA gap via 3' to 5' exonucleolytic degradation to create entry sites for EXO1- and DNA2-mediated 5' to 3' long-range resection, which is required for single-strand invasion and recombination (PubMed:[24316220](#), PubMed:[28867292](#)). RBBP8/CtIP specifically promotes the endonuclease activity of MRE11 to clear protein-DNA adducts and generate clean double-strand break ends (PubMed:[27814491](#), PubMed:[27889449](#), PubMed:[30787182](#)). MRE11 endonuclease activity is also enhanced by AGER/RAGE (By similarity). The MRN complex is also required for DNA damage signaling via activation of the ATM and ATR kinases: the nuclease activity of MRE11 is not required to activate ATM and ATR (PubMed:[14657032](#), PubMed:[15064416](#), PubMed:[15790808](#), PubMed:[16622404](#)). The MRN complex is also required for the processing of R-loops (PubMed:[31537797](#)). The MRN complex is involved in the activation of the cGAS-STING pathway induced by DNA damage during tumorigenesis: the MRN complex acts by displacing CGAS from nucleosome sequestration, thereby activating it (By similarity). In telomeres the MRN complex may modulate t-loop formation (PubMed:[10888888](#)).

## Cellular Location

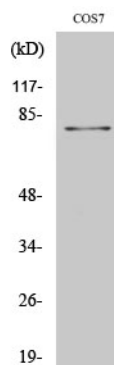
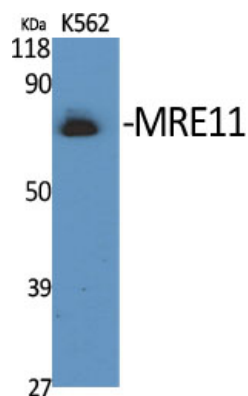
Nucleus. Chromosome. Chromosome, telomere Note=Localizes to DNA double-strand breaks (DSBs)

## Background

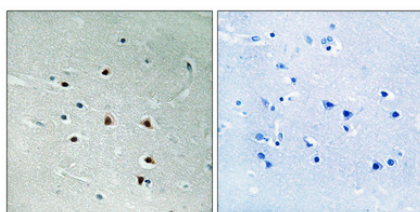
Component of the MRN complex, which plays a central role in double-strand break (DSB) repair, DNA recombination, maintenance of telomere integrity and meiosis. The complex possesses single-strand endonuclease activity and double-strand- specific 3'-5' exonuclease activity, which are provided by MRE11. RAD50 may be required to bind DNA ends and hold them in close proximity. This could facilitate searches for short or long regions of sequence homology in the recombining DNA templates, and may also stimulate the activity of DNA ligases and/or restrict the nuclease activity of MRE11 to prevent nucleolytic degradation past a given point (PubMed:[9651580](#), PubMed:[9590181](#), PubMed:[9705271](#), PubMed:[11741547](#), PubMed:[29670289](#)). The complex may also be required for DNA damage signaling via activation of the ATM kinase (PubMed:[15064416](#)). In telomeres the MRN complex may modulate t- loop formation (PubMed:[10888888](#)).

## Images

Western Blot analysis of various cells using MRE11 Polyclonal Antibody cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003, Invent biotech, MN, USA).



Western Blot analysis of COS7 cells using MRE11 Polyclonal Antibody cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003, Invent biotech, MN, USA).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human brain. Antibody was diluted at 1:100 (4°, overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA, pH 8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negative control (right) obtained from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.

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