

Neuropilin-1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP71256

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P **Primary Accession** 014786

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW103134

Additional Information

Gene ID 8829

Other Names NRP1; NRP; VEGF165R; Neuropilin-1; Vascular endothelial cell growth factor

165 receptor; CD antigen CD304

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300.

ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name NRP1 (HGNC:8004)

Synonyms NRP, VEGF165R

Function Cell-surface receptor involved in the development of the cardiovascular

system, in angiogenesis, in the formation of certain neuronal circuits and in organogenesis outside the nervous system. Mediates the chemorepulsant

activity of semaphorins (PubMed: 10688880, PubMed: 9288753,

PubMed: 9529250). Recognizes a C-end rule (CendR) motif R/KXXR/K on its

ligands which causes cellular internalization and vascular leakage

(PubMed: 19805273). It binds to semaphorin 3A, the PLGF-2 isoform of PGF,

the VEGF165 isoform of VEGFA and VEGFB (PubMed: 10688880,

PubMed: <u>19805273</u>, PubMed: <u>9288753</u>, PubMed: <u>9529250</u>). Coexpression with

KDR results in increased VEGF165 binding to KDR as well as increased chemotaxis. Regulates VEGF-induced angiogenesis. Binding to VEGFA initiates a signaling pathway needed for motor neuron axon guidance and cell body migration, including for the caudal migration of facial motor neurons from rhombomere 4 to rhombomere 6 during embryonic development (By similarity). Regulates mitochondrial iron transport via interaction with

ABCB8/MITOSUR (PubMed:30623799).

Cellular Location

[Isoform 2]: Secreted

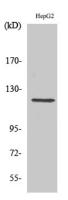
Tissue Location

[Isoform 1]: The expression of isoforms 1 and 2 does not seem to overlap. Expressed in olfactory epithelium (at protein level) (PubMed:33082293). Expressed in fibroblasts (at protein level) (PubMed:36213313). Expressed by the blood vessels of different tissues In the developing embryo it is found predominantly in the nervous system. In adult tissues, it is highly expressed in heart and placenta; moderately in lung, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas; and low in adult brain (PubMed:10688880, PubMed:9529250). Expressed in the central nervous system, including olfactory related regions such as the olfactory tubercles and paraolfactory gyri (PubMed:33082293)

Background

The membrane-bound isoform 1 is a receptor involved in the development of the cardiovascular system, in angiogenesis, in the formation of certain neuronal circuits and in organogenesis outside the nervous system. It mediates the chemorepulsant activity of semaphorins. It binds to semaphorin 3A, The PLGF-2 isoform of PGF, The VEGF165 isoform of VEGFA and VEGFB. Coexpression with KDR results in increased VEGF165 binding to KDR as well as increased chemotaxis. Regulate VEGF-induced angiogenesis. Binding to VEGFA initiates a signaling pathway needed for motor neuron axon guidance and cell body migration, including for the caudal migration of facial motor neurons from rhombomere 4 to rhombomere 6 during embryonic development (By similarity).

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using Neuropilin-1 Polyclonal Antibody

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