

# RIPK3 Antibody (Center)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP7184b

### **Product Information**

WB, IHC-P, E
<u>Q9Y572</u>
Human, Mouse
Rabbit
Polyclonal
Rabbit IgG
56887
61-91

## **Additional Information**

Gene ID	11035
Other Names	Receptor-interacting serine/threonine-protein kinase 3, RIP-like protein kinase 3, Receptor-interacting protein 3, RIP-3, RIPK3, RIP3
Target/Specificity	This RIPK3 antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 61-91 amino acids from the Central region of human RIPK3.
Dilution	WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	RIPK3 Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## **Protein Information**

Name	RIPK3 ( <u>HGNC:10021</u> )
Function	Serine/threonine-protein kinase that activates necroptosis and apoptosis, two parallel forms of cell death (PubMed: <u>19524512</u> , PubMed: <u>19524513</u> , PubMed: <u>22265413</u> , PubMed: <u>22265414</u> , PubMed: <u>22421439</u> , PubMed: <u>29883609</u> , PubMed: <u>32657447</u> ). Necroptosis, a programmed cell death process in response to death-inducing TNF-alpha family members, is

	triggered by RIPK3 following activation by ZBP1 (PubMed: <u>19524512</u> , PubMed: <u>19524513</u> , PubMed: <u>22265413</u> , PubMed: <u>22265414</u> , PubMed: <u>22421439</u> , PubMed: <u>22883609</u> , PubMed: <u>32298652</u> ). Activated RIPK3 forms a necrosis- inducing complex and mediates phosphorylation of MLKL, promoting MLKL localization to the plasma membrane and execution of programmed necrosis characterized by calcium influx and plasma membrane damage (PubMed: <u>19524512</u> , PubMed: <u>19524513</u> , PubMed: <u>22265413</u> , PubMed: <u>22883609</u> ). In addition to TNF- induced necroptosis, necroptosis can also take place in the nucleus in response to orthomyxoviruses infection: following ZBP1 activation, which senses double-stranded Z-RNA structures, nuclear RIPK3 catalyzes phosphorylation and activation of MLKL, promoting disruption of the nuclear envelope and leakage of cellular DNA into the cytosol (By similarity). Also regulates apoptosis: apoptosis depends on RIPK1, FADD and CASP8, and is independent of MLKL and RIPK3 kinase activity (By similarity). Phosphorylation (PubMed: <u>19524513</u> ). In some cell types, also able to restrict viral replication by promoting cell death- independent responses (By similarity). In response to Zika virus infection in neurons, promotes a cell death-independent pathway that restricts viral replication: together with ZBP1, promotes a death- independent transcriptional program that modifies the cellular metabolism via up-regulation expression of the enzyme ACOD1/IRG1 and production of the metabolite itaconate (By similarity). Itaconate inhibits the activity of succinate dehydrogenase, generating a metabolic state in neurons that suppresses replication of viral genomes (By similarity). RIPK3 binds to and enhances the activity of three metabolic enzymes may eventually stimulate the tricarboxylic acid cycle and oxidative phosphorylation, which could result in enhanced ROS production (PubMed: <u>19498109</u> ).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9QZL0}. Note=Mainly cytoplasmic Present in the nucleus in response to influenza A virus (IAV) infection. {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q9QZL0}
Tissue Location	Highly expressed in the pancreas. Detected at lower levels in heart, placenta, lung and kidney

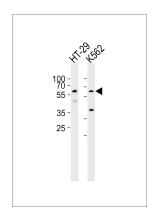
#### Background

The product of this gene is a member of the receptor-interacting protein (RIP) family of serine/threonine protein kinases, and contains a C-terminal domain unique from other RIP family members. The encoded protein is predominantly localized to the cytoplasm, and can undergo nucleocytoplasmic shuttling dependent on novel nuclear localization and export signals. It is a component of the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) receptor-I signaling complex, and can induce apoptosis and weakly activate the NF-kappaB transcription factor.

#### References

Yu P.W., Huang B.C.B., Shen M., Quast J., Chan E., Xu X., Nolan G.P., Payan D.G., Luo Y. Curr. Biol. 9:539-542(1999). Sun X., Lee J., Navas T., Baldwin D.T., Stewart T.A., Dixit V.M.; J. Biol. Chem. 274:16871-16875(1999).

#### Images



Hela

95 72

17

m.cerebellum

100

50 37

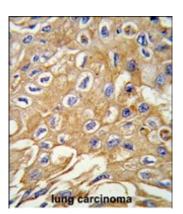
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20 15

(from left to right), using RIPK3 Antibody Center(Cat. #AP7184b). AP7184b was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:10000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 35ug per lane.

Western blot analysis of RIP3 (RIPK3) Antibody (Center) (Cat.# AP7184b) in Hela cell line lysates (35ug/lane). RIPK3 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.

Western blot analysis of RIP3 (RIPK3) Antibody (Center) (Cat.# AP7184b) in mouse cerebellum tissue lysates (35ug/lane). RIPK3 (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



Formalin-fixed and paraffin-embedded human lung carcinoma tissue reacted with RIP3 (RIPK3) antibody (Center) (Cat.# AP7184b), which was peroxidase-conjugated to the secondary antibody, followed by DAB staining. This data demonstrates the use of this antibody for immunohistochemistry; clinical relevance has not been evaluated.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.