10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G
San Diego, CA 92121
Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

SENP1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP72419

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF, ICC, E
Primary Accession	Q9P0U3
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	73481

Additional Information

Gene ID	29843
Other Names	SENP1; Sentrin-specific protease 1; Sentrin/SUMO-specific protease SENP1
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A IF~~1:50~200 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20℃

Protein Information

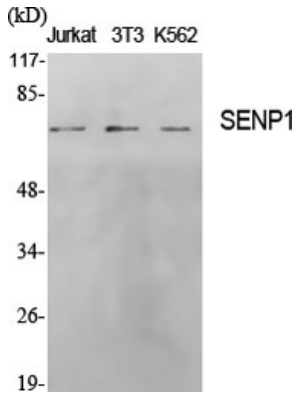
Name	SENP1
Function	Protease that catalyzes two essential functions in the SUMO pathway (PubMed:10652325, PubMed:15199155, PubMed:15487983, PubMed:16253240, PubMed:16553580, PubMed:21829689, PubMed:21965678, PubMed:23160374, PubMed:24943844, PubMed:25406032, PubMed:29506078, PubMed:34048572, PubMed:37257451). The first is the hydrolysis of an alpha-linked peptide bond at the C-terminal end of the small ubiquitin- like modifier (SUMO) propeptides, SUMO1, SUMO2 and SUMO3 leading to the mature form of the proteins (PubMed:15487983). The second is the deconjugation of SUMO1, SUMO2 and SUMO3 from targeted proteins, by cleaving an epsilon-linked peptide bond between the C-terminal glycine of the mature SUMO and the lysine epsilon-amino group of the target protein (PubMed:15199155, PubMed:16253240, PubMed:21829689, PubMed:21965678, PubMed:23160374, PubMed:24943844, PubMed:25406032, PubMed:29506078, PubMed:34048572, PubMed:37257451). Deconjugates SUMO1 from HIPK2 (PubMed:16253240). Deconjugates SUMO1 from HDAC1 and BHLHE40/DEC1, which decreases its transcriptional repression activity

	(PubMed:15199155, PubMed:21829689). Deconjugates SUMO1 from CLOCK, which decreases its transcriptional activation activity (PubMed:23160374). Deconjugates SUMO2 from MTA1 (PubMed:21965678). Inhibits N(6)-methyladenosine (m6A) RNA methylation by mediating SUMO1 deconjugation from METTL3 and ALKBH5: METTL3 inhibits the m6A RNA methyltransferase activity, while ALKBH5 desumoylation promotes m6A demethylation (PubMed:29506078, PubMed:34048572, PubMed:37257451). Desumoylates CCAR2 which decreases its interaction with SIRT1 (PubMed:25406032). Deconjugates SUMO1 from GPS2 (PubMed:24943844).
Cellular Location	Nucleus. Cytoplasm Note=Shuttles between cytoplasm and nucleus
Tissue Location	Highly expressed in testis. Expressed at lower levels in thymus, pancreas, spleen, liver, ovary and small intestine

Background

Protease that catalyzes two essential functions in the SUMO pathway (PubMed: 10652325, PubMed:15199155, PubMed:16253240, PubMed:16553580, PubMed:21829689, PubMed:21965678, PubMed:23160374, PubMed:24943844, PubMed:25406032, PubMed:29506078). The first is the hydrolysis of an alpha-linked peptide bond at the C-terminal end of the small ubiquitin-like modifier (SUMO) propeptides, SUMO1, SUMO2 and SUMO3 leading to the mature form of the proteins. The second is the deconjugation of SUMO1, SUMO2 and SUMO3 from targeted proteins, by cleaving an epsilon-linked peptide bond between the C-terminal glycine of the mature SUMO and the lysine epsilon-amino group of the target protein. Deconjugates SUMO1 from HIPK2 (PubMed:16253240). Deconjugates SUMO1 from HDAC1 and BHLHE40/DEC1, which decreases its transcriptional repression activity (PubMed:21829689). Deconjugates SUMO1 from CLOCK, which decreases its transcriptional activation activity (PubMed:23160374). Deconjugates SUMO2 from MTA1 (PubMed:21965678). Deconjugates SUMO1 from METTL3 (PubMed:29506078). Desumoylates CCAR2 which decreases its interaction with SIRT1 (PubMed:25406032). Deconjugates SUMO1 from GPS2 (PubMed:24943844).

Images



Western Blot analysis of various cells using SENP1 Polyclonal Antibody

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.