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TRF1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP72916

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	P54274
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	50246

Additional Information

Gene ID	7013
Other Names	TERF1; PIN2; TRBF1; TRF; TRF1; Telomeric repeat-binding factor 1; NIMA-interacting protein 2; TTAGGG repeat-binding factor 1; Telomeric protein Pin2/TRF1
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20℃

Protein Information

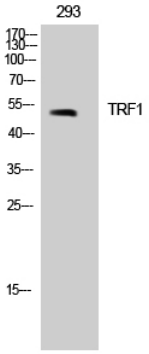
Name	TERF1
Synonyms	PIN2, TRBF1, TRF, TRF1
Function	Binds the telomeric double-stranded 5'-TTAGGG-3' repeat and negatively regulates telomere length. Involved in the regulation of the mitotic spindle. Component of the shelterin complex (telosome) that is involved in the regulation of telomere length and protection. Shelterin associates with arrays of double-stranded 5'-TTAGGG-3' repeats added by telomerase and protects chromosome ends; without its protective activity, telomeres are no longer hidden from the DNA damage surveillance and chromosome ends are inappropriately processed by DNA repair pathways.
Cellular Location	Nucleus. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Chromosome, telomere. Note=Colocalizes with telomeric DNA in interphase and prophase cells. Telomeric localization decreases in metaphase, anaphase and telophase. Associates with the mitotic spindle (PubMed:11943150). Colocalizes with TRIOBP isoform 1 at the telomeres in interphase (PubMed:24692559)

Tissue Location	Highly expressed and ubiquitous. Isoform Pin2 predominates

Background

Binds the telomeric double-stranded 5'-TTAGGG-3' repeat and negatively regulates telomere length. Involved in the regulation of the mitotic spindle. Component of the shelterin complex (telosome) that is involved in the regulation of telomere length and protection. Shelterin associates with arrays of double-stranded 5'-TTAGGG-3' repeats added by telomerase and protects chromosome ends; without its protective activity, telomeres are no longer hidden from the DNA damage surveillance and chromosome ends are inappropriately processed by DNA repair pathways.

Images



Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using TRF1 Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000 cells nucleus extracted by Minute TM Cytoplasmic and Nuclear Fractionation kit (SC-003,Inventbiotech,MN,USA).