

NTT4 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP73280

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q9H1V8
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	81001

Additional Information

Gene ID	388662
Other Names	SLC6A17; NTT4; Sodium-dependent neutral amino acid transporter SLC6A17; Sodium-dependent neurotransmitter transporter NTT4; Solute carrier family 6 member 17
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

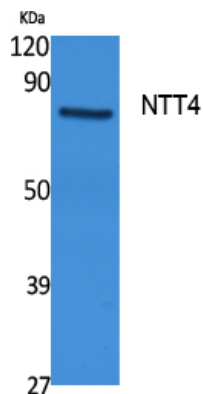
Protein Information

Name	SLC6A17 {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P31662, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:31399}
Function	Synaptic vesicle transporter with apparent selectivity for neutral amino acids. The transport is sodium-coupled but chloride- independent, likely driven by the proton electrochemical gradient generated by vacuolar H(+)-ATPase in an overall electrogenic mechanism. May contribute to the synaptic uptake of neurotransmitter precursors in a process coupled in part to vesicle exocytosis.
Cellular Location	Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, synaptic vesicle membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P31662}; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P31662}. Postsynapse {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q8BJI1}. Presynapse {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q8BJI1}. Note=Localizes at synaptic junctions - at both pre- and post-synaptic sites - particularly in excitatory glutamatergic terminals. {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q8BJI1}

Background

Functions as a sodium-dependent vesicular transporter selective for proline, glycine, leucine and alanine. In contrast to other members of this neurotransmitter transporter family, does not appear to be chloride-dependent (By similarity).

Images



Western Blot analysis of extracts from rat stomach, using NTT4 Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.