

SPTLC1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP73415

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P **Primary Accession** 015269

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalCalculated MW52744

Additional Information

Gene ID 10558

Other Names SPTLC1; LCB1; Serine palmitoyltransferase 1; Long chain base biosynthesis

protein 1; LCB 1; Serine-palmitoyl-CoA transferase 1; SPT 1; SPT1

Dilution WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-300 ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet

tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A

Format Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium

azide.

Storage Conditions -20°C

Protein Information

Name SPTLC1

Synonyms LCB1

Function Component of the serine palmitoyltransferase multisubunit enzyme (SPT)

that catalyzes the initial and rate-limiting step in sphingolipid biosynthesis by condensing L-serine and activated acyl-CoA (most commonly palmitoyl-CoA) to form long-chain bases. The SPT complex is also composed of SPTLC2 or SPTLC3 and SPTSSA or SPTSSB. Within this complex, the heterodimer with

SPTLC2 or SPTLC3 forms the catalytic core (PubMed: 19416851,

PubMed:<u>33558762</u>, PubMed:<u>36170811</u>). The composition of the serine palmitoyltransferase (SPT) complex determines the substrate preference (PubMed:<u>19416851</u>, PubMed:<u>33558762</u>). The SPTLC1-SPTLC2-SPTSSA complex

shows a strong preference for C16-CoA substrate, while the

SPTLC1-SPTLC3-SPTSSA isozyme uses both C14-CoA and C16-CoA as substrates, with a slight preference for C14-CoA (PubMed: 19416851, PubMed: 19648650). The SPTLC1-SPTLC2-SPTSSB complex shows a strong preference for C18-CoA substrate, while the SPTLC1-SPTLC3-SPTSSB isozyme displays an ability to use a broader range of acyl-CoAs, without apparent

preference (PubMed: <u>19416851</u>, PubMed: <u>19648650</u>, PubMed: <u>33558761</u>, PubMed: <u>33558762</u>). Required for adipocyte cell viability and metabolic homeostasis (By similarity).

Cellular Location Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass membrane protein

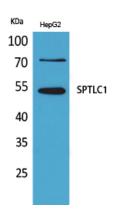
ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:035704

Tissue Location Widely expressed. Not detected in small intestine.

Background

Serine palmitoyltransferase (SPT) (PubMed: 19416851). The heterodimer formed with SPTLC2 or SPTLC3 constitutes the catalytic core (PubMed:19416851). The composition of the serine palmitoyltransferase (SPT) complex determines the substrate preference (PubMed:19416851). The SPTLC1-SPTLC2-SPTSSA complex shows a strong preference for C16-CoA substrate, while the SPTLC1- SPTLC3-SPTSSA isozyme uses both C14-CoA and C16-CoA as substrates, with a slight preference for C14-CoA (PubMed:19416851). The SPTLC1-SPTLC2-SPTSSB complex shows a strong preference for C18-CoA substrate, while the SPTLC1-SPTLC3-SPTSSB isozyme displays an ability to use a broader range of acyl-CoAs, without apparent preference (PubMed:19416851). Required for adipocyte cell viability and metabolic homeostasis (By similarity).

Images

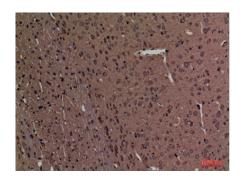


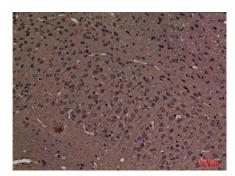
Western Blot analysis of HepG2 cells using SPTLC1 Polyclonal Antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:500. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Western blot analysis of 293T SH-SY5Y lysis using SPTLC1 antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:500. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:100





Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded mouse-brain, antibody was diluted at 1:100

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