

IL-28 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP73488

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	Q8IZI0
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	22288

Additional Information

Gene ID	282616
Other Names	IL28A; IFNL2; ZCYTO20; Interleukin-28A; IL-28A; Cytokine Zcyto20; Interferon lambda-2; IFN-lambda-2
Dilution	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1/100-1/300. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~N/A
Format	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
Storage Conditions	-20°C

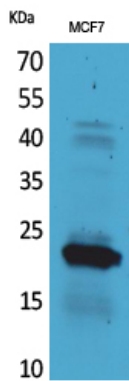
Protein Information

Name	IFNL2
Synonyms	IL28A, ZCYTO20
Function	Cytokine with antiviral, antitumour and immunomodulatory activities. Plays a critical role in the antiviral host defense, predominantly in the epithelial tissues. Acts as a ligand for the heterodimeric class II cytokine receptor composed of IL10RB and IFNLR1, and receptor engagement leads to the activation of the JAK/STAT signaling pathway resulting in the expression of IFN-stimulated genes (ISG), which mediate the antiviral state. Has a restricted receptor distribution and therefore restricted targets: is primarily active in epithelial cells and this cell type-selective action is because of the epithelial cell-specific expression of its receptor IFNLR1. Seems not to be essential for early virus-activated host defense in vaginal infection, but plays an important role in Toll-like receptor (TLR)- induced antiviral defense. Plays a significant role in the antiviral immune defense in the intestinal epithelium. Exerts an immunomodulatory effect by up-regulating MHC class I antigen expression.
Cellular Location	Secreted.

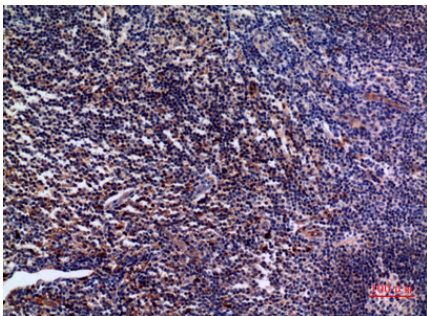
Background

Cytokine with antiviral, antitumour and immunomodulatory activities. Plays a critical role in the antiviral host defense, predominantly in the epithelial tissues. Acts as a ligand for the heterodimeric class II cytokine receptor composed of IL10RB and IFNLR1, and receptor engagement leads to the activation of the JAK/STAT signaling pathway resulting in the expression of IFN- stimulated genes (ISG), which mediate the antiviral state. Has a restricted receptor distribution and therefore restricted targets: is primarily active in epithelial cells and this cell type- selective action is because of the epithelial cell-specific expression of its receptor IFNLR1. Seems not to be essential for early virus-activated host defense in vaginal infection, but plays an important role in Toll-like receptor (TLR)-induced antiviral defense. Plays a significant role in the antiviral immune defense in the intestinal epithelium. Exerts an immunomodulatory effect by up-regulating MHC class I antigen expression.

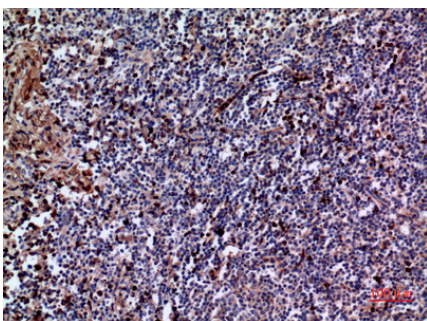
Images



Western Blot analysis of MCF7 cells using IL-28 Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000

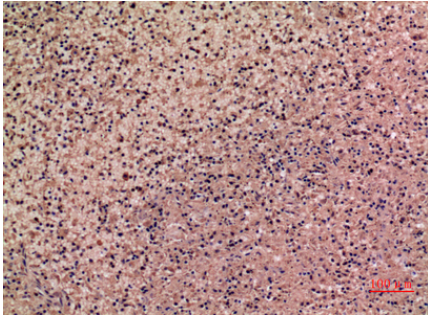
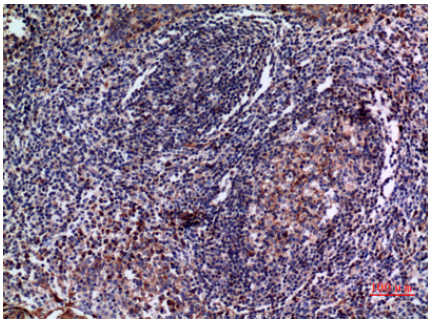


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-tonsil, antibody was diluted at 1:100

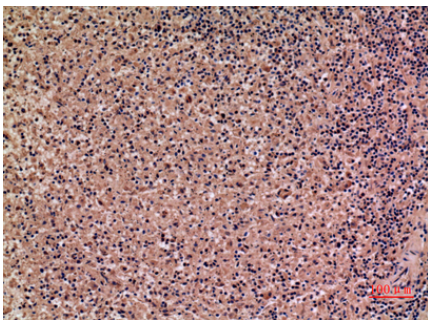


Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-tonsil, antibody was diluted at 1:100

Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-tonsil, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-spleen, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-spleen, antibody was diluted at 1:100

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