

# FGF-2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AP73732

## Product Information

---

<b>Application</b>	WB, IHC-P, IF, ICC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P09038</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	30770

## Additional Information

---

<b>Gene ID</b>	2247
<b>Other Names</b>	FGF2; FGFB; Fibroblast growth factor 2; FGF-2; Basic fibroblast growth factor; bFGF; Heparin-binding growth factor 2; HBGF-2
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-1:300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. IHC-P~~Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. IHC-p: 1:100-1:300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. IF~~1:50~200 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A
<b>Format</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.
<b>Storage Conditions</b>	-20°C

## Protein Information

---

<b>Name</b>	FGF2
<b>Synonyms</b>	FGFB
<b>Function</b>	Acts as a ligand for FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4 (PubMed: <a href="#">8663044</a> ). Also acts as an integrin ligand which is required for FGF2 signaling (PubMed: <a href="#">28302677</a> ). Binds to integrin ITGAV:ITGB3 (PubMed: <a href="#">28302677</a> ). Plays an important role in the regulation of cell survival, cell division, cell differentiation and cell migration (PubMed: <a href="#">28302677</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">8663044</a> ). Functions as a potent mitogen in vitro (PubMed: <a href="#">1721615</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">3732516</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">3964259</a> ). Can induce angiogenesis (PubMed: <a href="#">23469107</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">28302677</a> ). Mediates phosphorylation of ERK1/2 and thereby promotes retinal lens fiber differentiation (PubMed: <a href="#">29501879</a> ).
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Secreted. Nucleus. Note=Exported from cells by an endoplasmic reticulum (ER)/Golgi-independent mechanism. Unconventional secretion of FGF2 occurs by direct translocation across the plasma membrane (PubMed: <a href="#">20230531</a> ).

Binding of exogenous FGF2 to FGFR facilitates endocytosis followed by translocation of FGF2 across endosomal membrane into the cytosol (PubMed:22321063). Nuclear import from the cytosol requires the classical nuclear import machinery, involving proteins KPNA1 and KPNB1, as well as CEP57 (PubMed:22321063)

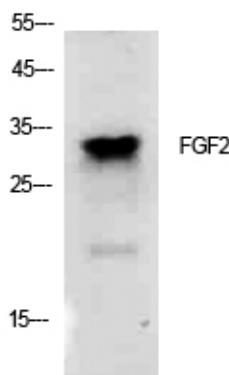
#### Tissue Location

Expressed in granulosa and cumulus cells. Expressed in hepatocellular carcinoma cells, but not in non-cancerous liver tissue.

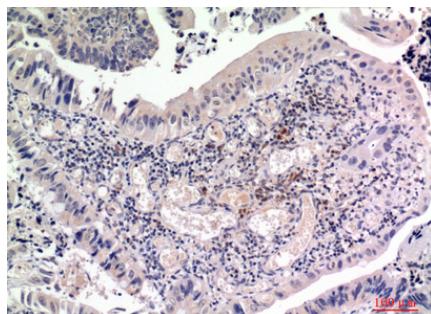
## Background

Acts as a ligand for FGFR1, FGFR2, FGFR3 and FGFR4 (PubMed: [8663044](#)). Also acts as an integrin ligand which is required for FGF2 signaling (PubMed: [28302677](#)). Binds to integrin ITGAV:ITGB3 (PubMed: [28302677](#)). Plays an important role in the regulation of cell survival, cell division, cell differentiation and cell migration (PubMed: [8663044](#), PubMed: [28302677](#)). Functions as a potent mitogen in vitro (PubMed: [3732516](#), PubMed: [3964259](#)). Can induce angiogenesis (PubMed: [23469107](#), PubMed: [28302677](#)).

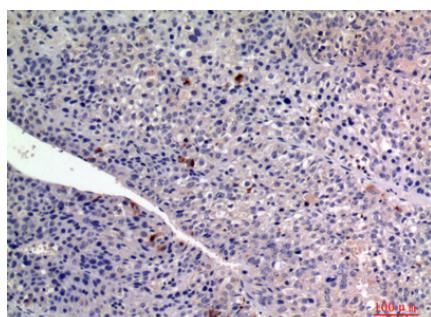
## Images



Western Blot analysis of K562 cells using FGF-2 Polyclonal Antibody.. Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:20000



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-colon-cancer, antibody was diluted at 1:100



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human-liver-cancer, antibody was diluted at 1:100

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.